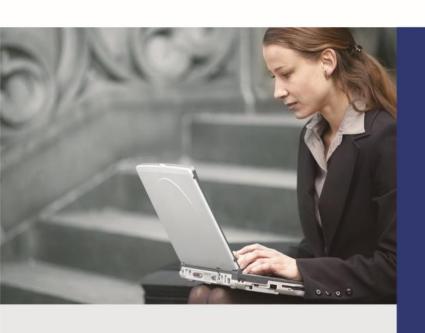


# User's Manual

Dual Band 802.11ax 1800Mbps

Wireless Access Point w/802.3at PoE

- ► WDAP-C1800AX
- ► WDAP-W1800AXU
- ► WDAP-1800AX







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#### **Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement**



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment

generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- 2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- 4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.



#### **FCC Caution:**

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. To assure continued compliance, for example, use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHzHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

#### **FCC Radiation Exposure Statement**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20 cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

#### **CE Compliance Statement**

This device meets the RED 2014/53/EU requirements on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields by way of health protection. The device complies with RF specifications when it is used at a safe distance of 20 cm from your body.

#### Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacture must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

#### **WEEE regulation**



To avoid the potential effects on the environment and human health as a result of the presence of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, end users of electrical and electronic equipment should understand the meaning of the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol. Do not dispose of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste and have to collect such WEEE separately.



#### Revision

User Manual of PLANET 802.11ax Dual Band Ceiling-mount Wireless Access Point

Model: WDAP-C1800AX(V2)\_WDAP-1800AX\_WDAP-W1800AXU

Rev: 2.2 (Mar, 2022)

Part No. EM-WDAP-C1800AX(V2)\_WDAP-1800AX\_WDAP-W1800AXU



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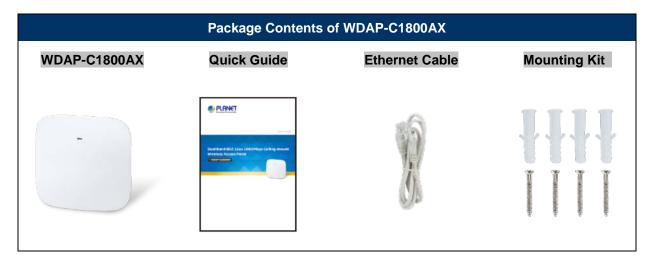
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Hierbij verklaart , PLANET Technology orporation, dat 11ac Wireless AP in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 2014/53/EU128
Polski 128
Niniejszym firma PLANET Technology Corporation, oświadcza, że 11ac Wireless AP spełnia wszystkie istotne wymogi i klauzule zawarte w dokumencie "Directive 2014/53/EU128
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PLANET Technology Corporation, declara que este 11ac Wireless AP está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 2014/53/EU128
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PLANET Technology Corporation, s tem potrjuje, da je ta 11ac Wireless AP skladen/a z osnovnimi zahtevami in ustreznimi določili Direktive 2014/53/EU128
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Suomi 128
Härmed intygar, PLANET Technology Corporation, att denna 11ac Wireless AP står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 2014/53/EU

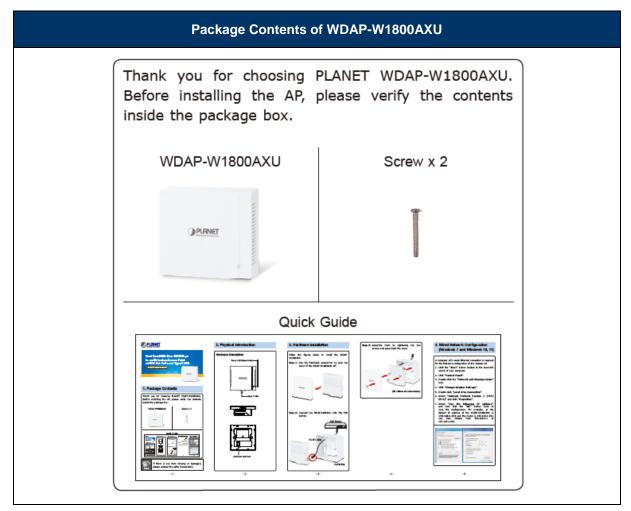


# **Chapter 1. Product Introduction**

# 1.1 Package Contents

Thank you for choosing PLANET WDAP-C1800AX Wireless AP. Please verify the contents inside the package box.







# WDAP-1800AX Quick Guide L-type Bracket x 1 Screw Set x 1 U-bolt Kit x 2 RJ45 Waterproof Kit x 1



If any of the above items are missing, please contact your dealer immediately.



# 1.2 Product Description

(Please refer to PLANET website for WDAP-1800AX & WDAP-W1800AXU information.)

#### Ultra-high-speed Wi-Fi 6 Wireless LAN Solution

PLANET WDAP-C1800AX **1800Mbps Dual Band 802.11ax Wireless AP**, supporting **MU-MIMO**, **OFDMA**, **Seamless Roaming**, **Beamforming and BSS Coloring technology**, provides a maximum wireless speed of 1200Mbps in the 5GHz band and 600Mbps in the 2.4GHz band. The maximum number of client users is up to 150, ensuring more secure and robust connectivity with the adoption of Wi-Fi 6 technology.



## Benefits of MU-MIMO, OFDMA, Seamless Roaming, Beamforming and BSS Coloring

The WDAP-C1800AX can be installed in public areas such as hotspots, airports and conferences as OFDMA, a multi-user version of OFDM, enables the concurrent AP to communicate (uplink and downlink) with multiple clients by assigning subsets of subcarriers called resource units (RUs) to the individual clients. With MU-MIMO and Seamless Roaming technologies, it provides a better Wi-Fi user experience, reducing the likelihood of users turning off Wi-Fi and putting more load on the cellular network.

Beamforming is to improve your Wi-Fi signal when you are far away from your router. The BSS color is a numerical identifier of the BSS. 802.11ax radios that are able to differentiate between BSSs using BSS color identifier when other radios transmit on the same channel. These technologies also can solve Wi-Fi congestion issues in open work spaces and conference rooms. The WDAP-C1800AX can offer more powerful throughput coverage of up to 150 client users.



#### **OFDMA (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access) Benefits**

- Helps transmit small and large packets together to reduce bandwidth burden and improve data transmission performance
- Transmitting data at the same time can effectively reduce the transmission delay for longer frame and low-speed transmission.
- Improves the overall traffic quality, and effectively uses bandwidth in an environment where multiple people use the Internet.
- Increases the number of devices that can be connected to the AP.
- Reduces the power consumption of the device by way of the use of low bandwidth.

# A **75%** Reduction in Delays



#### **Beamforming**

Beamforming is to improve your Wi-Fi signal when you are far away from your router. Wi-Fi beam forming narrows the focus of the router signal, sending it directly to your devices in a straight line, thus minimizing surrounding signal interference and increasing the strength of the signal that ultimately brings you the following benefits:



- Extend your Wi-Fi coverage
- Deliver a more stable Wi-Fi connection
- Deliver better Wi-Fi throughput
- Reduce router interference





Dedicated and stable signals

Signal loss

#### BSS Coloring

The BSS color is a numerical identifier of the BSS. 802.11ax radios that are able to differentiate between BSSs using BSS color identifier when other radios transmit on the same channel. If the color is the same, this is considered to be an intra-BSS frame transmission. In other words, the transmitting radio belongs to the same BSS as the receiver. If the detected frame has a different BSS color from its own, then the STA considers the frame as an inter-BSS frame from an overlapping BSS.



### WPA3 Next Generation Security for Your WLAN Solution

WPA3 is the next generation Wi-Fi security technology that provides the most advanced security protocol to the market. WPA3 makes your connection more secure by preventing hackers from easily cracking your password no matter how simplified the password is. WPA3 can also provide more reliable



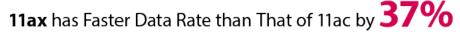
password-based authentication, so it can better protect the security of individual users.

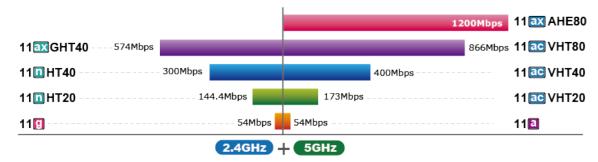
\* WDAP-C1800AX only supports WPA3-Personal.



## **Super Power Dual band WLAN Solution**

PLANET WDAP-C1800AX, adopting the IEEE 802.11ax Wi-Fi 6 standard, provides a high-speed transmission. The maximum wireless speed in 2.4GHz band is up to 11AX of 574Mbps, and in the 5GHz band is up to 11AX of 1201Mbps. Both the **2.4GHz and 5GHz** wireless connections can also be used simultaneously.





Data Transmission Rates 1800Mbps

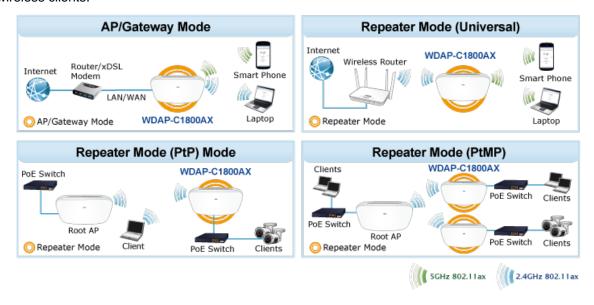
#### **Advanced Security and Rigorous Authentication**

The WDAP-C1800AX supports WPA/WPA2/WPA3 wireless encryptions, WPA2 Enterprise, and WPA/WPA2 Enterprise, which can effectively prevent eavesdropping by unauthorized users or bandwidth occupied by unauthenticated wireless access. Furthermore, any users are granted or denied access to the wireless LAN network based on the ACL (Access Control List) that the administrator pre-established.



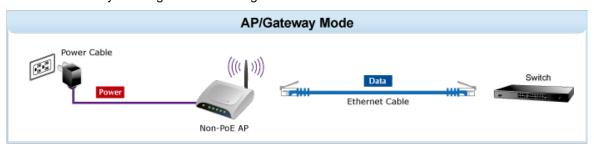
#### **Multiple Operation Modes for Various Applications**

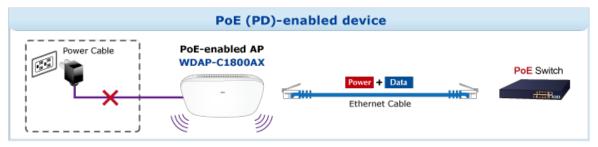
The WDAP-C1800AX supports the simplified usage modes of AP, Gateway and Repeater, through which they provide more flexibility for users when wireless network is established. Compared with general wireless access points, the WDAP-C1800AX offers more powerful and flexible capability for wireless clients.



#### **Ceiling-mount Design for Your Environment**

With the standard IEEE802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE) design, the WDAP-C1800AX can be easily installed in the areas where power outlets are not available. By supporting the standard IEEE 802.3at PoE PD power scheme, the WDAP-C1800AX can be powered and networked by a single UTP cable, effectively eliminating the needs of dedicated electrical outlets on the ceiling and reducing the cabling cost. Furthermore, the system administrator is able to arrange the PoE schedule of the WDAP-C1800AX by working with the managed PoE switch.







#### **Optimized Efficiency in AP Management**

The brand-new GUI configuration wizard helps the system administrator easily set up the WDAP-C1800AX step by step. Besides, the built-in Wi-Fi analyzer provides real-time channel utilization to prevent channel overlapping to assure greater performance. With the automatic transmission power mechanism, distance control and scheduling reboot setting, the WDAP-C1800AX is easy for the administrator to deploy and manage without on-site maintenance. Moreover, you can use PLANET NMS-500 or NMS-1000V AP control function to deliver wireless profiles to multiple APs simultaneously, thus making the central management simple.





## 1.3 Product Features

(Please refer to PLANET website for WDAP-1800AX &WDAP-W1800AXU information.)

#### Industrial Compliant Wireless LAN

- Compliant with the IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax wireless technology
- Equipped with 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 ports, and auto MDI/MDI-X

#### RF Interface Characteristics

- 802.11ax 2T2R architecture with data rate of up to 1800Mbps (600Mbps in 2.4GHz and 1200Mbps in 5GHz)
- High output power with multiply-adjustable transmit power control

#### Multiple Operation Modes and Wireless Features

- Multiple operation modes: AP, gateway and repeater
- Supports OFDMA (orthogonal frequency division multiple access)
- Supports MU-MIMO (multi-user multiple-input multiple-output), Beamforming and BSS
   Coloring
- WMM (Wi-Fi multimedia) provides higher priority to multimedia transmitting over wireless
- Coverage threshold to limit the weak signal of clients occupying session
- Real-time Wi-Fi channel analysis chart and client limit control for better performance
- Support Terminal Seamless Roaming with 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r

#### Secure Network Connection

- Full encryption supported: WPA3 Personal, WPA2/WPA3 Personal, WPA2 Personal (AES), WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal (AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPA2 Enterprise and WPA/WPA2 Enterprise
- Supports 802.1Q port VLAN
- Supports IP/Port/MAC address/URL filtering, DoS, SPI firewall
- Supports DMZ and port forwarding
- Bandwidth control per IP address to increase network stability

#### Easy Deployment and Management

- Supports PLANET AP Controllers in AP mode
- Easy discovery by PLANET Smart Discovery
- Self-healing mechanism through system auto reboot setting
- System status monitoring through remote syslog server
- Gateway mode supports PLANET DDNS/Easy DDNS, Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client



# 1.4 Product Specifications

Dun loos	WDAP-C1800AX
Product	Dual Band 802.11ax 1800Mbps Ceiling-mount Wireless Access Point
Hardware Specifications	
Interfaces	LAN 2 x 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 port Auto-negotiation and auto MDI/MDI-X
Antennas	Gain: 4 x Internal 4dBi antenna (2.4G x2, 5G x2)
Reset Button	Reset button on the rear side (Press over 5 seconds to reset the device to factory default)
LED Indicators	Power, SYS
Dimensions (W x D x H)	186 x 186 x 35.8 mm
Weight	$380 \pm 5g$
Power Requirements	48V DC IN, 0.5A, IEEE 802.3at PoE+ (WAN/PoE were changed port) 12V DC IN, 2.0A from DC Jack (5.5 x 2.1mm)
Power Consumption	< 15W
Mounting	Ceiling Mount
Wireless Interface Speci	fications
Standard	IEEE 802.11ax IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3 u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3 ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3x flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r
Media Access Control	CSMA/CA
Data Modulation	802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM, 1024QAM) 802.11ac: MIMO-OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM) 802.11a/g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM) 802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK)
Band Mode	2.4GHz / 5GHz concurrent mode
Frequency Range	2.4GHz: FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz ETSI: 2.412~2.472GHz 5GHz: FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.745~5.825GHz



Networking & Communication	esci munut oj	WDAI -CIOUUAA & WE	AI -1000AA & WDAI - W1000AAU	
	ETSI: 5.180~5.700	GHz		
	ETSI:			
	2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 (13 Channels)			
	5GHz: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116,			
	120,124,128,132, 136, 140 (19 Channels)			
	FCC:	,		
Operating Channels		5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (11	Channels)	
	5GHz: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112,			
	116,120,124,128,132, 136, 140, 149, 153, 157,161,165 (24 Channels) <b>5GHz channel list may vary in different countries according to their</b>			
	regulations.			
Max. Transmit Power	FCC: up to 20 ± 1d	lBm		
(dBm)	ETSI: < 19dBm (EI	T in the second		
	Network Mode	Data Rate	Receive Sensitivity (dBm)	
	2.4GHz			
	802.11b	1Mbps	-92	
	0021112	11Mbps	-85	
	802.11g	6Mbps	-90	
		54Mbps	-72	
	802.11n HT20	MCS0	-88	
		MCS7	-70	
	902 44 m LIT40	MCS0	-86	
	802.11n HT40	MCS7	-68	
	000 44 UT00	MCS0	-85	
	802.11ax HT20	MCS11	-60	
		MCS0	-85	
Receive Sensitivity	802.11ax HT40	MCS11	-56	
	5GHz			
	000 44-	6Mbps	-92	
	802.11a	54Mbps	-72	
		MCS0	-90	
	802.11n HT20	MCS7	-70	
	802.11n HT40	MCS0	-88	
		MCS7	-68	
	802.11ac HT20	MCS0	-90	
		MCS7	-70	
		MCS0	-88	
	802.11ac HT40	MCS7	-68	
	802.11ac HT80	MCS0	-85	
	002			



		MCS9	-58
	802.11ax HT20	MCS0	-88
		MCS11	-62
	802.11ax HT40	MCS0	-86
		MCS11	-58
	802.11ax HT80	MCS0	-84
		MCS11	-55
Software Features			
LAN	Static IP / *Dynami	r ID	
LAN	Static IP	- II	
WAN	Dynamic IP		
WAIN	PPPoE/PPTP/L2TF	<b>o</b>	
	Access Point		
Wireless Mode	Gateway		
	Repeater		
Channel Width	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz		
	WPA3 Personal, W	PA2/WPA3 Personal, \	WPA2 Personal (AES), WPA2
	Personal (TKIP), WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal		
Encryption Security	(AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES),		
	WPA2 Enterprise a	nd WPA/WPA2 Enterp	rise
	Enable/Disable SSID Broadcast		
Wireless Security	Wireless Max. 32 MAC address filtering		
	User Isolation		
Max. SSIDs	8 (4 per radio)		
Max. Clients	150 (100 is sugges	ted, depending on usa	ge)
Wireless QoS	Supports Wi-Fi Mul	timedia (WMM)	
	Auto Channel Seled	ction	
	5-level Transmit Power Control Max (100%), Efficient (75%), Enhanced		
	(50%), Standard (2	, , ,	
Wireless Advanced	Client Limit Control, Coverage Threshold		
	*Wi-Fi channel analysis chart		
	Seamless Roaming		
	Beamforming		
	BSS Coloring	loss client List	
	Device status, wireless client List		
Status Monitoring	PLANET Smart Discovery  *DHCP client table		
	System Log supports remote syslog server		
	*IEEE 802.1Q VLA		
VLAN		pping to up to 4 SSIDs	
Self-healing		ot settings per day/hou	
- Con Houning	Supports auto tebo	or semings her day/nou	II .



	Remote management through PLANET DDNS/ Easy DDNS	
	Configuration backup and restore	
Monogomont	Supports UPnP	
Management	Supports IGMP Proxy	
	Supports PPTP/L2TP/IPSec VPN Pass-through	
	Supports Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client	
Central Management	Applicable controllers: NMS-500, NMS-1000V, PLANET CloudViewer	
Environment & Certification		
Temperature	Operating: -20~ 55 degrees C	
Temperature	Storage: -40 ~ 70 degrees C	
	Storage: -40 ~ 70 degrees C  Operating: 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing)	
Humidity		
	Operating: 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing)	
Humidity  Regulatory	Operating: 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing) Storage: 5 ~ 90% (non-condensing)	



	WDAP-W1800AXU	
Product	Dual Band 802.11ax 1800Mbps In-wall Wireless Access Point w/802.3at	
	PoE+ and Type C USB	
Hardware Specifications		
	PoE WAN: 1 x 10/100/1000BASE-T,	
Interfaces	auto-MDI/MDIX, 802.3at PoE In	
	USB Type-C Port supplies 5V 0.5A for battery charging	
Antennas	Gain: 4 x Internal 2dBi antenna (2.4GHz x2, 5GHz x2)	
Reset Button	Reset button on the LED button	
Neset Dutton	Press over 5 seconds to reset the device to factory default	
Dimensions (W x D x H)	86 x 86 x 35 mm	
Weight	140 ± 5g	
Power Requirements	48V 0.5A, IEEE 802.3at PoE+	
Power Consumption	< 14W	
Installation	In-wall mount	
LED Indicators	Power, SYS	
Wireless Interface Spec	ifications	
	IEEE 802.11ax	
	IEEE 802.11ac	
	IEEE 802.11n	
	   IEEE 802.11a	
	IEEE 802.11b	
Standard	IEEE 802.11g	
Statiuaru	IEEE 802.11i	
	IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T	
	IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX	
	IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T	
	IEEE 802.3x flow control	
	IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r	
Media Access Control	CSMA/CA	
Band Mode	2.4GHz / 5GHz concurrent mode	
	802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM,	
	1024QAM)	
Data Modulation	802.11ac: MIMO-OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM)	
	802.11a/g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)	
	802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK)	
	2.4GHz:	
	FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz	
	ETSI: 2.412~2.472GHz	
Frequency Range	5GHz:	
	FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.745~5.825GHz	
	ETSI: 5.180~5.700GHz	
	FCC:	
Operating Channels		
	2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (11 Channels)	



	5GHz: 36, 40,	44. 48. 52. 56. 6	60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112,
	116,120,124,128,132, 136, 140, 149, 153, 157,161,165 (24Channels)		
	ETSI:		
	2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4	4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, <sup>2</sup>	12, 13 (13 Channels)
	5GHz: 36, 40,	44, 48, 52, 56, 60,	64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116,
	120,124,128,132	, 136, 140 (19 Channe	ls)
	5GHz channel list regulations.	may vary in different	countries according to their
Channel Width	20MHz, 40MHz, 80	MHz	
Max. Transmit Power	FCC: up to 20 ± 1d	Bm	
(dBm)	ETSI: < 19dBm (EI	RP)	
	Network Mode	Data Rate	Receive Sensitivity (dBm)
	2.4GHz		
	802.11b	1Mbps	-92
	002.115	11Mbps	-85
	802.11g	6Mbps	-90
	802.11g	54Mbps	-72
	802.11n HT20	MCS0	-88
		MCS7	-70
	802.11n HT40	MCS0	-86
		MCS7	-68
		MCS0	-85
	802.11ax HT20	MCS11	-60
		MCS0	-85
	802.11ax HT40	MCS11	-56
Receive Sensitivity	5GHz		
	802.11a	6Mbps	-92
	002.11a	54Mbps	-72
	000 44 LIT00	MCS0	-90
	802.11n HT20	MCS7	-70
	000 44 - 11740	MCS0	-88
	802.11n HT40	MCS7	-68
	000 44 11700	MCS0	-90
	802.11ac HT20	MCS7	-70
	802.11ac HT40	MCS0	-88
		MCS7	-68
	802.11ac HT80	MCS0	-85
		MCS9	-58
	802.11ax HT20	MCS0	-88



Networking & Communication	Oser manuar oj	WDAI -CIOUUAA & WD	AP-1800AX & WDAP-W1800AXU
		MCS11	-62
		MCS0	-86
	802.11ax HT40	MCS11	-58
		MCS0	-84
	802.11ax HT80	MCS11	-55
Encryption Security	WPA2 Personal (AI (TKIP+AES) WPAWPA2 Persor Personal (TKIP+AE	, , ,	<sup>T</sup> KIP), WPA2 Personal Personal (TKIP), WPA/WPA2
Management Functions			
Basic Management Interfaces	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Dis PLANET NMS cont	•	
Secure Management	TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, T	LS 1.3	
Interfaces	SNMP v3		
Operation Modes	<ul><li>Access Point (c</li><li>Gateway</li><li>Repeater</li></ul>	default)	
LAN	Static IP / *Dynami	c IP	
WAN	<ul><li>Static IP</li><li>Dynamic IP</li><li>PPPoE/PPTP/L</li></ul>	.2TP	
VLAN	*IEEE 802.1Q VLA *SSID-to-VLAN ma	N (VID: 1~4094) pping to up to 4 SSIDs	1
Wireless Security	Enable/Disable SSI Wireless Max. 32 M User Isolation	D Broadcast IAC address filtering	
Max. SSIDs	8 (4 per radio)		
Max. Clients	150 (100 is sugges	ted, depending on usa	ge)
Wireless Advanced	Client Limit Control *Wi-Fi channel ana Seamless Roaming	wer Control: 5%) (50%) (25%) or Min (15%) , Coverage Threshold	
	Beamforming		



	BSS Coloring
Wireless Roaming	IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r
Wireless QoS	Supports Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)
System Management	Setup wizard Remote management through PLANET DDNS/ Easy DDNS Configuration backup and restore Supports UPnP Supports IGMP Proxy Supports PPTP/L2TP/IPSec VPN Pass-through Supports Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client (Gateway mode) Diagnostics
Status Monitoring	Dashboard System status/service Statistics Connection status
Event Management	Remote System Log Local Event Log
Self-healing	Supports auto reboot settings per day/hour
Management	Remote management through PLANET DDNS/ Easy DDNS Configuration backup and restore Supports UPnP Supports IGMP Proxy Supports PPTP/L2TP/IPSec VPN Pass-through Supports Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client
Central Management	Applicable controllers:  NMS-500, NMS-1000V  Wireless Switch: WS-1032P, WS-2864PVR  VPN Gateway: VR-300 series, IVR-300 series  PLANET CloudViewer App
Environment & Certifica	tion
Temperature	Operating: -20~ 55 degrees C Storage: -40 ~ 70 degrees C
Humidity	Operating: 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing) Storage: 5 ~ 90% (non-condensing)
Regulatory	CE, RoHS
Remarks [*]: The feature	will be supported through firmware/system upgrade.



Don book	WDAP-1800AX
Product	Dual Band 802.11ax 1800Mbps Outdoor Wireless AP
Hardware	
Interface	PoE WAN: 1 x 10/100/1000BASE-T,
interrace	auto-MDI/MDIX, 802.3at PoE In
Antenna	Built-in four N-type connectors
Button	Reset button (Press over 5 seconds to reset the device to factory
	default)
Dimensions (W x D x H)	231 x 80 x 295 mm
Weight	2.5kg
Material	Aluminum
Power Requirement	48V 0.5A, IEEE 802.3at PoE+
Power Consumption (max.)	< 15W
Mounting Type	Mast mounting
IP Level	IP67
ESD Protection	±8kV air gap discharge
ESD Protection	±4kV contact discharge
Surge Protection	±20kV
Wireless Interface Specificat	ions
	IEEE 802.11ax
	IEEE 802.11ac
	IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11n
Standard Support	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b
Standard Support	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g
Standard Support WDAP-C1800AX(V2)	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i
	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T
	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i
	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX
	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T
	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3x flow control
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3x flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3x flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r CSMA/CA
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)  Media Access Control	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r  CSMA/CA  802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM /
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r  CSMA/CA  802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM, 1024QAM)
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)  Media Access Control	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r  CSMA/CA  802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM, 1024QAM) 802.11ac: MIMO-OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM /
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)  Media Access Control	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3x flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r  CSMA/CA  802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM, 1024QAM)  802.11ac: MIMO-OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM)
WDAP-C1800AX(V2)  Media Access Control	IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-TX IEEE 802.3as flow control IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r  CSMA/CA  802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM, 1024QAM) 802.11ac: MIMO-OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM) 802.11a/g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)



·			
Frequency Band	2.4GHz: FCC: 2.412~2.462GH ETSI: 2.412~2.472G 5GHz: FCC: 5.180~5.240GH ETSI: 5.180~5.700G	Hz Hz, 5.745~5.825GH	Нz
	ETSI:		
		0.7.0.0.40.44.4	10, 40 (40, 01, )
	2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,		,
			4, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116,
	120,124,128,132, 13	6, 140 (19 Channel	ls)
	FCC:		
Operating Channels	2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (1	I1 Channels)
	5GHz: 36, 40, 44, 48	, 52, 56, 60, 64, 10	0, 104, 108, 112,
	116,120,124,128,132	2, 136, 140, 149, 15	53, 157,161,165 (24
	Channels)		
	5GHz channel list m	nay vary in differe	nt countries depending on
	their regulations.		
/	FCC: up to 20 ± 1dBm		
Max. Transmit Power (dBm)	ETSI: < 19dBm (EIRP)		
	Network Mode	Data Rate	Receive Sensitivity (dBm)
	2.4GHz		
		4841	
		I 1Mbbs	-92
	802.11b	1Mbps	-92 -85
	802.11b	11Mbps	-85
	802.11b 802.11g	11Mbps 6Mbps	-85 -90
		11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps	-85 -90 -72
		11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0	-85 -90 -72 -88
	802.11g	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps	-85 -90 -72
	802.11g 802.11n HT20	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0	-85 -90 -72 -88
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11g	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70
Receiver Sensitivity (dBm)	802.11g 802.11n HT20	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS1 MCS0 MCS11	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -68 -85
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20 802.11ax HT40	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -85
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -68 -85 -60 -85
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20 802.11ax HT40	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -68 -85 -60 -85 -56
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20 802.11ax HT40 5GHz	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11 6Mbps 54Mbps	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -68 -85 -60 -85 -56
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20 802.11ax HT40 5GHz	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -68 -85 -60 -85 -56  -92 -72
	802.11g 802.11n HT20 802.11n HT40 802.11ax HT20 802.11ax HT40 5GHz 802.11a	11Mbps 6Mbps 54Mbps MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS7 MCS0 MCS11 MCS0 MCS11 6Mbps 54Mbps	-85 -90 -72 -88 -70 -86 -68 -68 -85 -60 -85 -56



	MCS7	-68	
802.11ac HT20 N 802.11ac HT40	MCS0	-90	
	MCS7	-70	
	MCS0	-88	
	MCS7	-68	
802.11ac HT80	MCS0	-85	
	MCS9	-58	
	MCS0	-88	
802.11ax HT20	MCS11	-62	
	MCS0	-86	
802.11ax HT40	MCS11	-58	
	MCS0	-84	
802.11ax HT80	MCS11	-55	
Static IP / *DHCP C	lient		
■ Static IP			
■ Dynamic IP			
■ PPPoE/PPTP/L:	2TP		
Access Point			
Gateway			
·			
WPA3 Personal, WPA2/WPA3 Personal, WPA2 Personal (AES),			
· ·	WPA2 Personal (TKIP),WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES),WPA/WPA2 Personal (AES) ,WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP) , WPA/WPA2 Personal		
(TKIP+AES), WPA2 Enterprise, WPA/WPA2 Enterprise			
Enable/Disable SSID Broadcast			
Wireless MAC address filtering			
User Isolation			
8 (4 per radio)			
150 (100 is suggested, depending on usage)			
Supports Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)			
Auto Channel Selection			
5-level Transmit Power Control Max (100%), Efficient (75%),			
Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%) or Min (15%)			
Client Limit Control, Coverage Threshold			
· ·			
-			
BSS Coloring			
	802.11ac HT40  802.11ac HT80  802.11ax HT20  802.11ax HT40  802.11ax HT80  Static IP / *DHCP C  Static IP  Dynamic IP  PPPoE/PPTP/L:  Access Point Gateway Repeater  20MHz, 40MHz, 80M WPA3 Personal,WP WPA2 Personal (TK Personal (AES),WP (TKIP+AES), WPA2 Enable/Disable SSIE Wireless MAC addre User Isolation  8 (4 per radio)  150 (100 is suggeste Supports Wi-Fi Mult Auto Channel Select 5-level Transmit Pow Enhanced (50%), St Client Limit Control,	802.11ac HT20  802.11ac HT40  MCS0  MCS7  802.11ac HT80  MCS0  MCS9  802.11ax HT20  MCS0  MCS11  802.11ax HT40  MCS0  MCS11  MCS0  MCS11  MCS11  MCS0  MCS11  Static IP / *DHCP Client  Static IP  PPPOE/PPTP/L2TP  Access Point Gateway Repeater  20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz  WPA3 Personal,WPA2/WPA3 Personal,WPA2 Personal (TKIP),WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPAWPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPAWPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPAWPA3 Personal (TKIP), WPA3 Persona	

## User Manual of WDAP-C1800AX &WDAP-1800AX &WDAP-W1800AXU

Status Monitoring	Device status, wireless client List	
	PLANET Smart Discovery	
	*DHCP client table	
	System Log supports remote syslog server	
VLAN	*IEEE 802.1Q VLAN (VID: 1~4094)	
	*SSID-to-VLAN mapping to up to 4 SSIDs	
Self-healing	Supports auto reboot settings per day/hour	
	Remote management through PLANET DDNS/ Easy DDNS	
	Configuration backup and restore	
Management	Supports UPnP	
Management	Supports IGMP Proxy	
	Supports PPTP/L2TP/IPSec VPN Pass-through	
	Supports Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client	
O	Applicable controllers: NMS-500, NMS-1000V, *PLANET	
Central Management	CloudViewer App	
Remarks [*]: The feature will be supported through firmware/system upgrade.		
Environment & Certification		
Operating Temperature	-40~70 degrees C	
Operating Humidity	5~95% (non-condensing)	
Storage Temperature	-40 ~ 70 degrees C	
Regulatory	CE, RoHS	



# **Chapter 2. Physical Descriptions**

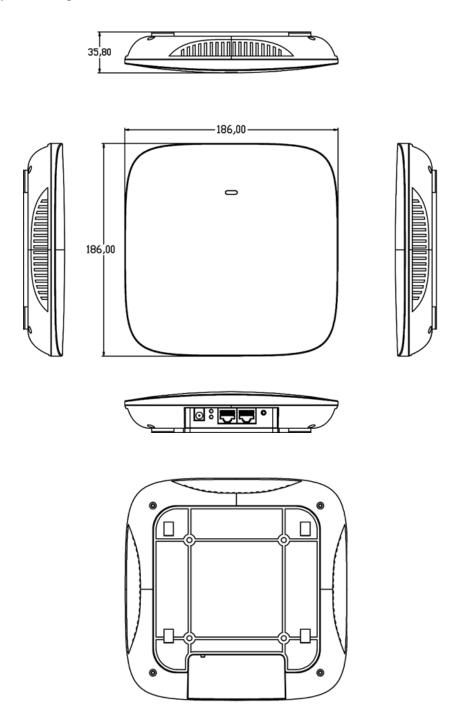
# 2.1 Product Outlook

#### WDAP-C1800AX

■ **Dimensions:** 186 x 186 x 35.8mm

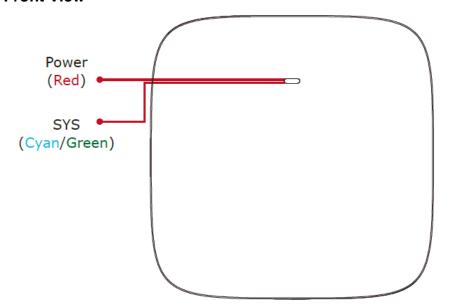
■ Weight: 380 ±5GHz

Triple Viewing





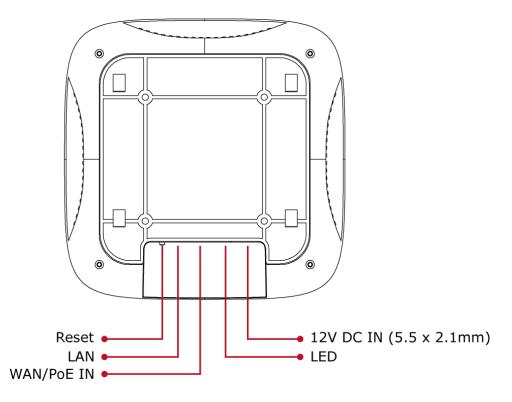
## **Front View**



# LED Definition

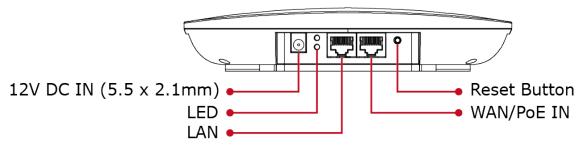
LED	STATUS	FUNCTION	
PWR	On ( Red )	The access point is on.	
PWK	Off	System is operating.	
	On	Wireless LAN is initializing.	
SYS	Blinking (Cyan/Green)	2.4GHzHz/5GHzHz wireless LAN is	
		working.	

## **Rear View**





# **Bottom Panel**



# Port definition

Object	Description
12V DC	12V DC port for the power adapter( DC-Jack 5.5 x 2.1mm )
LED	The access point is on.
PoE	LAN port with Power over Ethernet (PoE) IN
LAN	LAN port connecting to the network equipment.
Reset	To restore to the factory default setting, press and hold the Reset Button
	for about 15 seconds, and then release it.

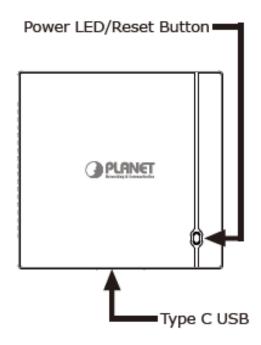


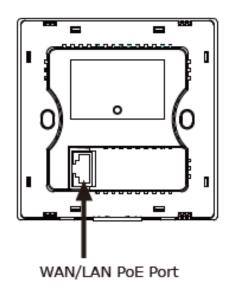
## WDAP-W1800AXU

■ Dimensions: 86\*86\*35 mm

■ Weight: 140 ±5GHz

Apperance





## **LED** definition

LED	STATE	FUNCTION
DWD	On (Red)	The access point is on.
PWR	Off	Power Off
	On	Wireless LAN is initializing.
SYS	Blinking (Cyan/Green)	2.4GHz/5GHz wireless LAN is working.

## H/W Interface definition

Object	Description
PoE Port (802.3af/at PoE+)	10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 port, auto MDI/ MDI-X Connect PoE port to the IEEE 802.3af/at PoE+ switch to power on the device.
Reset	Press the Reset button for over 5 seconds and then release it to restore system to the factory default settings.

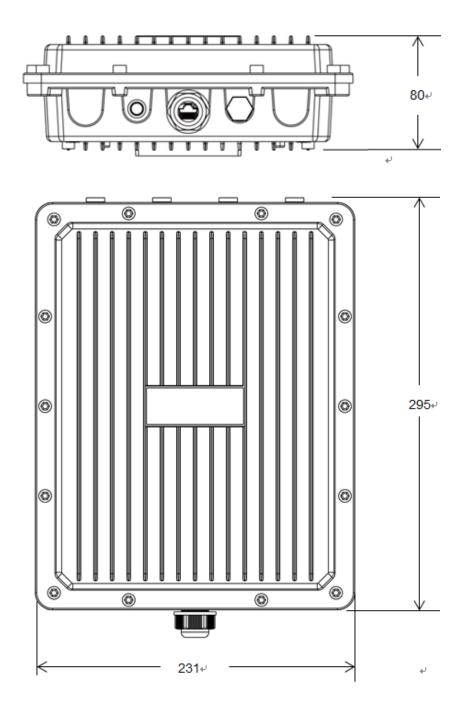


## WDAP-1800AX

■ **Dimensions:** 231 x 80 x 295mm

■ Weight: 2500 ±5GHz

Apperance





# Port & Connector

# Hardware Interface Definition

Object	Description
Antenna Connectors	4 N-type (female) antenna connectors
PoE LAN Port	10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 port, auto MDI/MDI-X 802.3at PoE+ supported, 48VDC In
Reset Button	Press and hold the <b>Reset</b> button for over 5 seconds to return to the factory default setting.
Grounding Terminal	The grounding wire must be attached to this port to prevent damage to the AP from direct lightning strike.



# **Chapter 3. Preparation**

Before getting into the device's web UI, user has to check the network setting and configure PC's IP address.

# 3.1 System Requirements

- Broadband Internet Access Service (Cable/xDSL/Ethernet connection)
- One IEEE 802.3at PoE switch (supply power to the WDAP-C1800AX)
- PCs with a working Ethernet adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors
- PCs running Windows 98/ME, NT4.0, 2000/XP, Windows Vista / Win 7, MAC OS 9 or later,
   Linux, UNIX or other platforms compatible with TCP/IP protocols



- 1. The AP in the following instructions refers to PLANET WDAP-C1800AX. (Please refer to WDAP-1800AX &WDAP-W1800AXU QIG to install the AP)
- 2. It is recommended to use Internet Explorer 11, Firefox or Chrome to access the AP.



# 3.2 Hardware Installation -- Installing the AP

Before installing the AP, make sure your PoE switch is connected to the Internet through the broadband service successfully at this moment. If there is any problem, please contact your local ISP.

Please install the AP according to the following steps. Don't forget to pull out the power plug and keep your hands dry.

**Step 1.** Take the mounting bracket, put it on the target place by aligning the holes and fix it with the supplied screws.

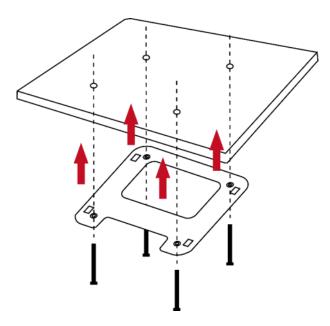


Figure 3-1 Mounting the Bracket

**Step 2.** Load the device into the mounting bracket, and be sure the device is mated with fixed screws. Then, lock the device in position and plug the Ethernet cable into the WDAP-C1800AX.



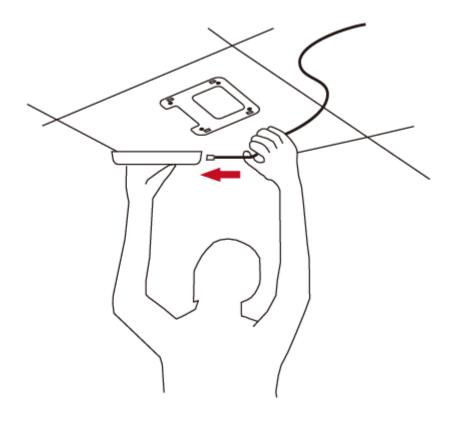


Figure 3-2 Connecting the Ethernet Cable

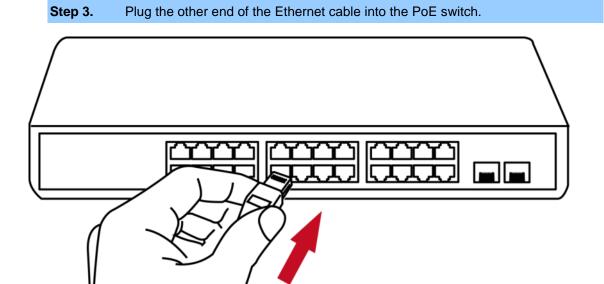


Figure 3-3 Connecting the PoE Injector



# 3.3 Manual Network Setup -- TCP/IP Configuration

The default IP address of the WDAP-C1800AX is **192.168.1.253**. And the default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. These values can be changed as you want. In this guide, we use all the default values for description.

Connect the WDAP-C1800AX with your PC by plugging one end of an Ethernet cable in the LAN port of the AP and the other end in the LAN port of PC. The WDAP-C1800AX is powered by a PoE switch.

In the following sections, we'll introduce how to install and configure the TCP/IP correctly in **Windows**10. And the procedures in other operating systems are similar. First, make sure your Ethernet Adapter is working, and refer to the Ethernet adapter manual if needed.

# 3.3.1 Configuring the IP Address Manually

#### Summary:

- Set up the TCP/IP Protocol for your PC.
- Configure the network parameters. The IP address is 192.168.1.xxx (If the default IP address of the WDAP-C1800AX is 192.168.1.253, and the DSL router is 192.168.1.254, the "xxx" can be configured to any number from 1 to 252.) and subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
- 1 Select **Use the following IP address**, and then configure the IP address of the PC.
- 2 For example, the default IP address of the WDAP-C1800AX is 192.168.1.253 and the DSL router is 192.168.1.254, or you may choose from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.252.



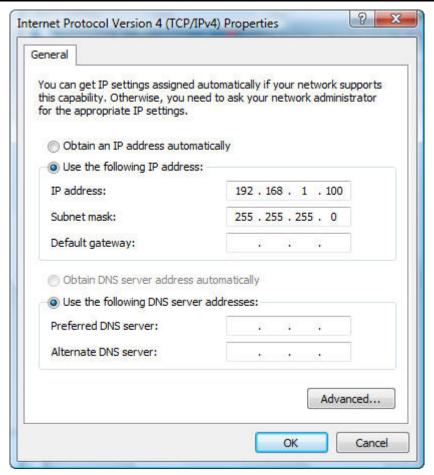


Figure 3-4 TCP/IP Setting

Now click **OK** to save your settings.

Now, you can run the ping command in the **command prompt** to verify the network connection between your PC and the AP. The following example is in **Windows 10** OS. Please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click on Start > Run.
- 2. Type "cmd" in the Search box.



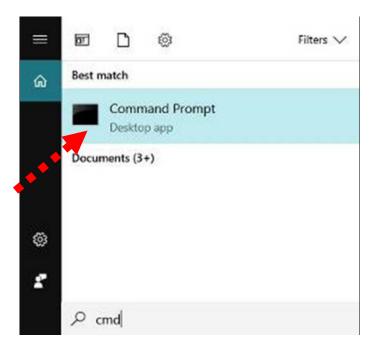


Figure 3-5 Windows Start Menu

- 3. Open a command prompt, type ping **192.168.1.253** and then press **Enter**.
  - If the result displayed is similar to Figure 4-3, it means the connection between your PC and the AP has been established well.

```
Administrator. C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\ping 192.168.1.253

Pinging 192.168.1.253 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.253: bytes=32 time=17ms ITL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.253: bytes=32 time=18ms ITL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.253:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 17ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms

C:\>__
```

Figure 3-6 Successful Result of Ping Command

 If the result displayed is similar to Figure 4-4, it means the connection between your PC and the AP has failed.



```
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C: Documents and Settings \user \ping 192.168.1.253

Pinging 192.168.1.253 with 32 bytes of data:

Destination host unreachable.
Destination host unreachable.
Destination host unreachable.
Destination host unreachable.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.253:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C: \Documents and Settings \user \_
```

Figure 3-7 Failed Result of Ping Command

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your AP. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.



# 3.4 Starting Setup in the Web UI

It is easy to configure and manage the AP with the web browser.

**Step 1.** To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and enter the default IP address <a href="https://192.168.1.253">https://192.168.1.253</a> in the web address field of the browser.

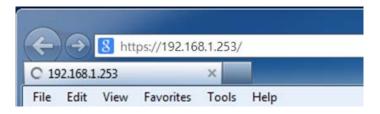


Figure 3-8 Login by Default IP Address

**Step 1.** When the login window pops up, please enter username and password. The default username and password are "admin". Then click the **LOGIN** button to continue.



Figure 3-9 Login Window

Default IP Address: 192.168.1.253

Default Password: admin



If the above screen does not pop up, it may mean that your web browser has been set to a proxy. Go to Tools menu> Internet Options> Connections> LAN Settings on the screen that appears, uncheck **Using Proxy** and click **OK** to finish it.



# 3.5 Planet Smart Discovery Utility

To easily list the WDAP-C1800AX in your Ethernet environment, the Planet Smart Discovery Utility is an ideal solution.

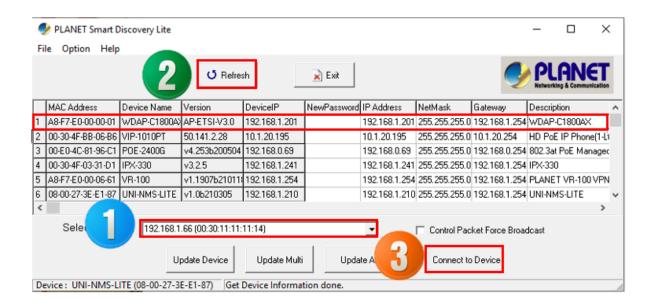
The following installation instructions guide you to running the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

#### Step 1: Download the Planet Smart Discovery Utility to administrator PC.

#### Step 2: Run this utility and the following screen appears.



# **Step 3**: Press "**Refresh**" for the current connected devices in the discovery list as shown in the following screen:



**Step 3**: Press "Connect to Device" and then the Web login screen appears.



The fields in the white background can be modified directly and then you can apply the new setting by clicking "**Update Device**".



# Chapter 4. Web-based Management

This chapter delivers a detailed presentation of AP's functionalities and allows you to manage the AP with ease. (The web GUI and topology below uses the WDAP-C1800AX as an example.)

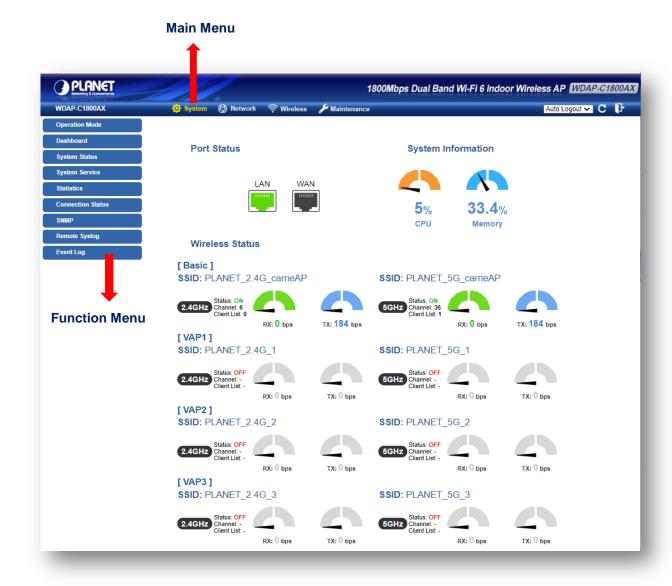


Figure 4-1 Main Web Page



#### ■ Main Menu

The main menu displays the product name, function menu, and main information in the center. Via the Web management, the administrator can set up the device by selecting the functions those listed in the function menu and button as shown in Figures 4-2 and 4-3.



Figure 4-2: Function Menu

Object	Description
System	Provides system information of the router.
Network	Provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router.
Security	Provides firewall and security configuration of the router.
Wireless	Provides wireless configuration of the router.
Maintenance	Provides firmware upgrade and setting file restore/backup configuration of the router.



Figure 4-3: Function Button

Object	Description
C	Click the "Refresh button" to refresh the current web page.
F	Click the "Logout button" to log out the web UI of the router.



# 4.1 System

Use the system menu items to display and configure basic administrative details of the router. The System menu shown in Figure 4-4 provides the following features to configure and monitor system.

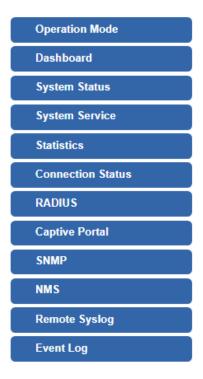


Figure 4-4: System Menu

Object	Description
Operation Mode	The Wizard will guide the user to configuring the router easily
	and quickly.
Dashboard	The overview of system information includes connection, port,
	and system status.
System Status	Display the status of the system, Device Information, LAN and
	WAN.
System Service	Display the status of the system, Secured Service and Server
	Service
Statistics	Display statistics information of network traffic of LAN and WAN.
Connection Status	Display the DHCP client table and the ARP table
RADIUS	Enable/Disable RADIUS on routers
Captive Portal	Enable/Disable Captive Portal on routers
SNMP	Display SNMP system information
NMS	Enable/Disable NMS on routers



Remote Syslog	Enable Captive Portal on routers
Event Log	Display Event Log information

# 4.1.1 Operation Mode

The Wizard guides you to configuring the WDAP-C1800AX in a different mode, including AP, gateway and repeater modes.

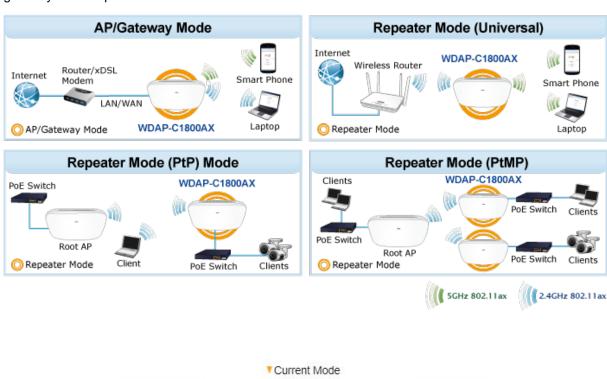




Figure 4-5 Operation Mode



The default operation mode is AP Mode.



# 4.1.2 Gateway Mode (Router)

Click "**Wizard**" → "**Gateway Mode**" and the following page will be displayed. This section allows you to configure the Gateway mode.

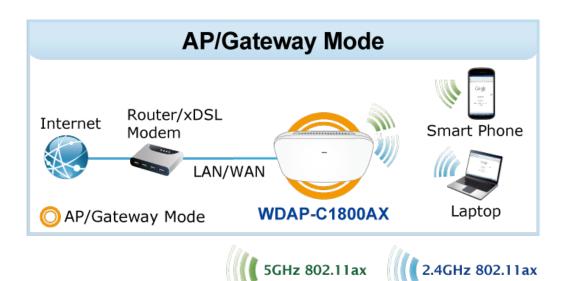


Figure 4-6: Setup Wizard

#### **Step 1: Operation Mode**

Select operation Mode.



#### **Step 2: LAN Interface**

Set up the IP Address and Subnet Mask for the LAN interface as shown in Figure 4-7.





Figure 4-7: Setup Wizard – LAN Configuration

Object	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP address of your router. The default is 192.168.1.1.
Subnet Mask	An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally
	use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
DUCD Correct	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled.
DHCP Server	If user needs to disable the function, please uncheck the box.
Start IP Address	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
	Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.
	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, which means the router
<b>Maximum DHCP Users</b>	will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to
	192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
Next	Press this button to the next step.
Cancel	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to
	previously saved values.

## **Step 3: WAN Interface**

The router supports two access modes on the WAN side shown in Figure 4-8



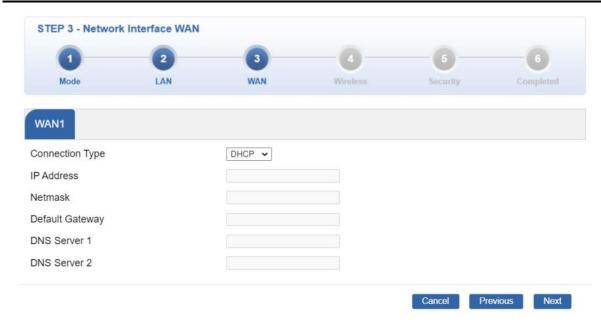


Figure 4-8: Setup Wizard – WAN 1 Configuration

#### Mode 1 -- Static IP

Select **Static IP Address** if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter the **IP Address**, **Netmask**, **Default Gateway** and **DNS Server** provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format. The setup is shown in Figure 4-9.

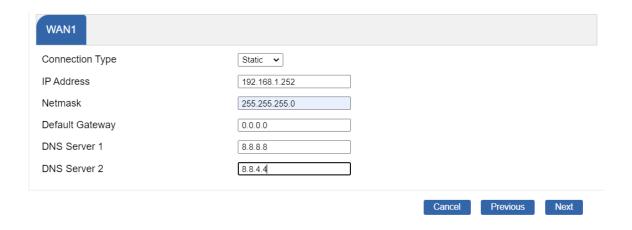


Figure 4-9: WAN Interface Setup - Static IP Setup

Object	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
Netmask	Enter the Netmask assigned by your ISP.
Default Gateway	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

#### User Manual of WDAP-C1800AX &WDAP-1800AX &WDAP-W1800AXU

DNS Server	The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP.
Next	Press this button for the next step.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.
Cancel	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert
	to previously saved values.

#### Mode 2 -- DHCP Client

Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. The setup is shown in Figure 4-10.

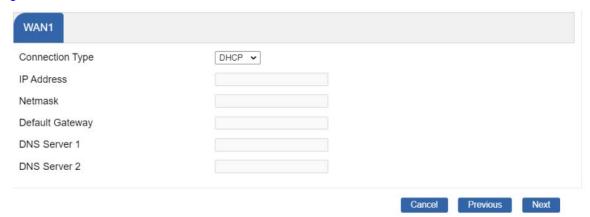


Figure 4-10: WAN Interface Setup - DHCP Setup

## **Step 4: Network Interface Wireless**

Set up the Security Settings as shown in Figure 4-11.



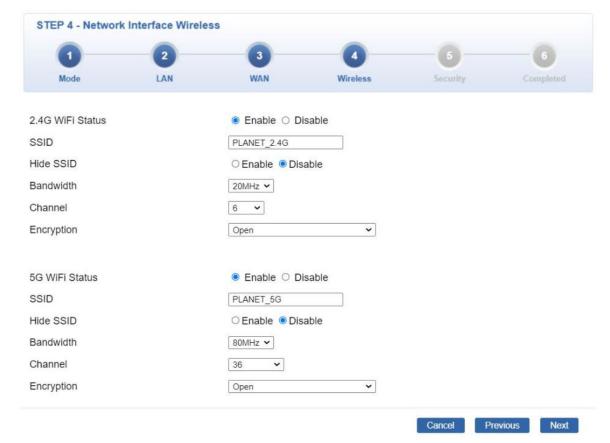


Figure 4-11: Network Setup

#### **Step 5: Security Setting**

Set up the Security Settings as shown in Figure 4-12.



Figure 4-12: Setup Wizard - Security Setting

Object Description

#### User Manual of WDAP-C1800AX &WDAP-1800AX &WDAP-W1800AXU

SPI Firewall	The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network
	resources.
	The default configuration is enabled.
	SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP
Block SYN Flood	protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection
BIOCK STN FIOOD	that involves the CPU, memory, and so on.
	The default configuration is enabled.
	ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer
Block ICMP Flood	simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways
BIOCK ICINIP FIOOD	which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet
Block WAN Ping	network.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from
Remote Management	the Internet network.
	The default configuration is disabled.
Next	Press this button for the next step.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.
Canad	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to
Cancel	previously saved values.

# **Step 6: Setup Completed**

The page will show the summary of LAN, WAN and Security settings as shown in Figure 4-13.



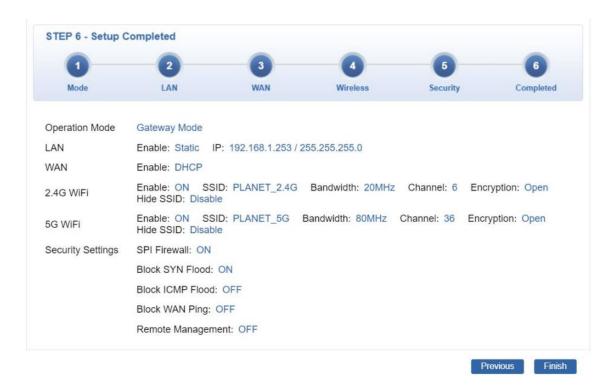


Figure 4-13: Setup Wizard – Setup Completed

Object	Description
Finish	Press this button to save and apply changes.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.



#### 4.1.3 Dashboard

The dashboard provides an overview of system information including connection, port, and system status as shown in Figure 4-14.

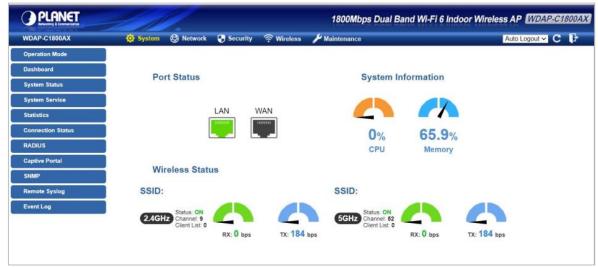


Figure 4-14: Dashboard

#### **Port Status**

Object	Description
	Ethernet port is in use.
	Ethernet port is not in use.

#### **Wireless Status**

Obj	ect	Description
RX: 0 bps	TX: 0 bps	Wireless is in use.
RX: 0 bps	TX: 0 bps	Wireless is not in use.

#### **System Information**

Object	Description
CPU	Display the CPU loading
Memory	Display the memory usage



# 4.1.4 System Status

This page displays system information as shown in Figure 4-15.

Device Information		
Model Name	WDAP-C1800AX	
Firmware Version	v2.2102b210910	
Current Time	2021-04-22 Thursday 17:23:38	
Running Time	0 day, 01:12:39	

WAN1		
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:75:5D:BD	
Connection Type	DHCP	
Display Name	WAN1	
IP Address		
Netmask		
Default Gateway		

LAN	
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:75:5D:BC
IP Address	192.168.1.253
Netmask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Service	Enable
DHCP Start IP Address	192.168.1.100
DHCP End IP Address	192.168.1.200
Max DHCP Clients	101

2.4GHz WiFi	
Status	ON
SSID	PLANET_2.4G
Channel	6
Encryption	Open
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:75:5D:BE

5GHz WiFi	
Status	ON
SSID	PLANET_5G
Channel	36
Encryption	Open
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:75:5D:BF

Figure 4-15: Status



# 4.1.5 System Service

This page displays the number of packets that pass through the router on the WAN and LAN. The statistics are shown in Figure 4-16.

Ser	Server Service		
#	Action	Service	Status
1	Enabled	DHCP Service	DHCP Table: 5
2	Disabled	DDNS Service	Not enabled
3	Disabled	Quality of Service	
4	Disabled	RADIUS Service	
5	Disabled	Captive Portal	
6	<b>Enabled</b>	2.4G WiFi	SSID: PLANET_2.4G
7	<b>Enabled</b>	5G WiFi	SSID: PLANET_5G

Sec	Secured Server Service		
#	Action	Service	Status
1	<b>✓</b> Enabled	Cyberseurity	TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, TLS 1.3
2	<b>Enabled</b>	SPI Firewall	
3	<b>X</b> Disabled	MAC Filtering	( Active / Maximum Entries ) 0 / 32
4	<b>X</b> Disabled	IP Filtering	( Active / Maximum Entries ) 0 / 32
5	<b>X</b> Disabled	Web Filtering	( Active / Maximum Entries ) 0 / 32

Figure 4-16: Service



#### 4.1.6 Statistics

This page displays the number of packets that pass through the router on the WAN and LAN. The statistics are shown in Figure 4-17.



Figure 4-17: Statistics

#### 4.1.7 Connection Status

The page will show the DHCP Table and ARP Table. The status is shown in Figure 4-18.

DHCP Table			
Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expiration Time
ARP Table			
IP Address	s	MAC Address	ARP Type
192.168.1	.11	00:30:4f:9e:b7:df	dynamic
192.168.1	.188	00:05:1b:c5:51:14	dynamic
192.168.1	.239	a8:f7:e0:6a:a3:a4	dynamic
192.168.1	.1	00:e0:53:00:12:01	dynamic
			•

Figure 4-18: Connection Status



#### **4.1.8 RADIUS**

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting. The RADIUS Server page is shown in Figure 4-19.

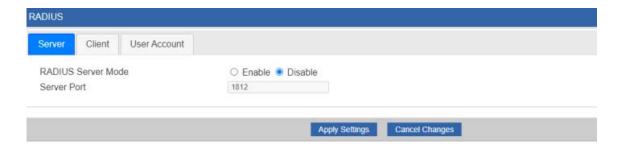


Figure 4-19: RADIUS

Object	Description	
RADIUS	Disable or enable the RADIUS function.	
KADIUS	The default configuration is disabled.	
Server Port	Default: 1812	

# 4.1.9 Captive Portal

Captive portal service gives the ability to organize a public (or guest) Wi-Fi zone with user authorization. A captive portal is the authorization page that forcibly redirects users who connect to the public network before accessing the Internet. The Captive portal page is shown in Figure 4-20.

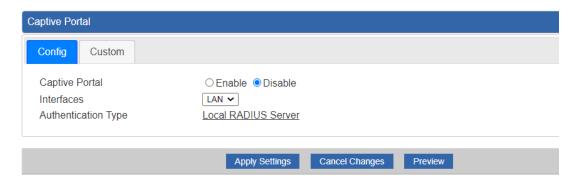


Figure 4-20: Captive Portal

Object	Description	
Captive Portal	Disable or enable the Captive Portal function.	
	The default configuration is disabled.	

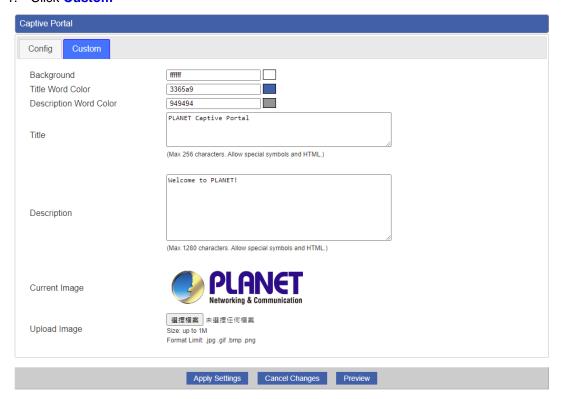




Captive Portal function can be only configured at Gateway Mode

### ■ Customizing the Custom Captive Portal Web Page

1. Click Custom



- 2. After configure and upload image, click Apply Settings button
- 3. Click Preview to check the Captive Portal login page





# 4.1.10 SNMP

This page provides SNMP setting of the router as shown in Figure 4-21.

SNMP	
SNMP	● Enable ○ Disable
SNMP Versions	SNMP v1,v2c V
Read Community	public
Write Community	private
Engine ID	
SNMP v3 Security Level	AuthPRiv 🗸
SNMP v3 User Name	
SNMP v3 Auth Protocol	MD5 🗸
SNMP v3 Auth Password	
SNMP v3 Privacy Protocol	DES V
SNMP v3 Privacy Password	
System Identification	
System Name	WDAP-C1800AX
System Description	
System Location	
System Contact	sales@planet.com.tw
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-21: SNMP



Object	Description	
Enable SNMP	Disable or enable the SNMP function.	
	The default configuration is enabled.	
Read/Write Community	Allows entering characters for SNMP Read/Write Community of the	
	router.	
System Name	Allows entering characters for system name of the router.	
System Location	Allows entering characters for system location of the router.	
System Contact	Allows entering characters for system contact of the router.	
Apply Settings	Press this button to save and apply changes.	
Cancel Changes	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to	
	previously saved values.	

## 4.1.11 NMS

The CloudViewer Server – Internet screens – is shown in Figure 4-22.

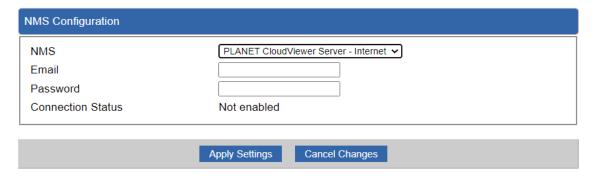


Figure 4-22: CloudViewer Server

Object	Description	
Email	The email is registered on CloudViewer Server	
Password	The password of your CloudViewer account	
Connection Status	Indicates the status of connecting CloudViewer Server	



## 4.1.12 Remote Syslog

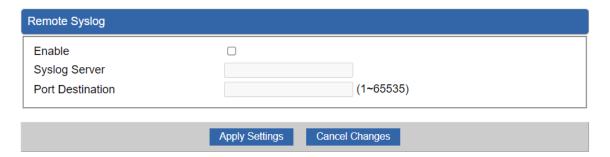


Figure 4-23: Remote Syslog

Object	Description
Enable Remote Syslog	Enable Captive Portal on routers

# **4.1.13 Event Log**

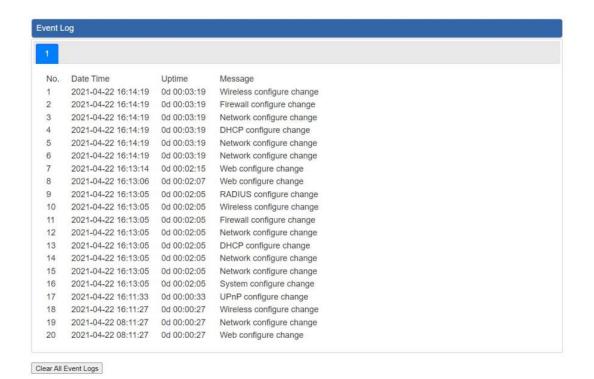


Figure 4-24: Event Log

Object	Description
Event Log	Display Event Log information



# 4.2 Network

The Network function provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router as shown in Figure 4-25.



Figure 4-25: Network Menu

Object	Description	
WAN	Allows setting WAN interface.	
LAN	Allows setting LAN interface.	
UPnP	Disable or enable the UPnP function.	
	The default configuration is disabled.	
Routing	Allows setting Route.	
RIP	Disable or enable the RIP function.	
KIP	The default configuration is disabled.	
OSPF	Disable or enable the OSPF function.	
USPF	The default configuration is disabled.	
IGMP	Disable or enable the IGMP function.	
	The default configuration is disabled.	
IPv6	Allows setting IPv6 WAN interface.	
DHCP	Allows setting DHCP Server.	
DDNS	Allows setting DDNS and PLANET DDNS.	



# 4.2.1 WAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of the router as shown in Figure 4-26. Here you may select the access method by clicking the item value of WAN access type.

WAN1 Configuration	
Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	Static 🗸
IP Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
WANG 5 "	
WAN1 Configuration	
Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	DHCP V
IP Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
WAN1 Configuration	
Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	PPPoE V
Username	
Password	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes



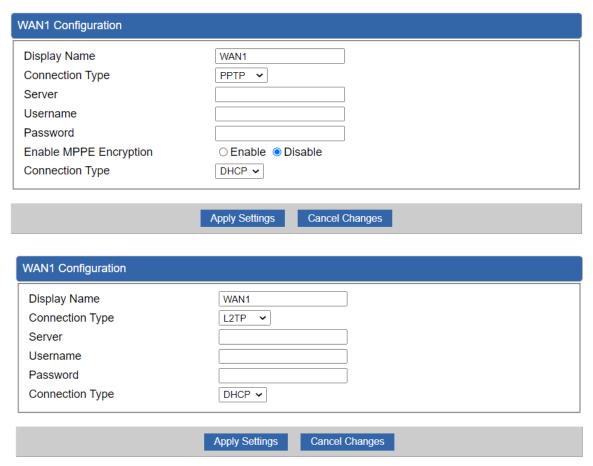


Figure 4-26: WAN

Object	Description	
	Please select the corresponding WAN Access Type for the Internet,	
	and fill out the correct parameters from your local ISP in the fields	
	which appear below.	
	Static	Select Static IP Address if all the Internet ports' IP
		information is provided to you by your ISP (Internet
		Service Provider). You will need to enter the IP
		address, Netmask, Gateway, and DNS Server provided
		to you by your ISP.
WAN Access Type		Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the
		appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by
		a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address
		if it is not in this format.
		IP Address
		Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
		Netmask
		Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.
		Gateway



Object		Description
		Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
		DNS Server
		The DNS server information will be supplied by your
		ISP.
	DUCD	Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information
	DHCP	automatically from your ISP.
	PPPoE	Select PPPOE if your ISP is using a PPPoE connection
		and provide you with PPPoE user name and password
		info.
	DDTD	Enable or disable PPTP to pass through PPTP
	PPTP	communication data.
		Enable or disable L2TP to pass through L2TP
		communication data.



WAN IP, whether obtained automatically or specified manually, should NOT be on the same IP net segment as the LAN IP; otherwise, the router will not work properly. In case of emergency, press the hardware-based "Reset" button.

#### 4.2.2 LAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your router as shown in Figure 4-27. Here you may change the settings for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

LAN Configuration		
IP Address Netmask	192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes	

Figure 4-27: LAN Setup

Object	Description
IP Address	The LAN IP address of the router and default is 192.168.1.1.
Net Mask	Default is <b>255.255.255.0</b> .



# 4.2.3 UpnP



Figure 4-28: UpnP

Object	Description
UpnP	Set the function as enable or disable

## 4.2.4 Routing

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown in Figures 4-30 and 31.



Figure 4-29: Routing table

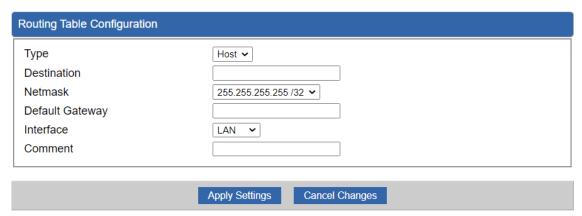


Figure 4-30: Routing setup

Routing tables contain a list of IP addresses. Each IP address identifies a remote router (or other network gateway) that the local router is configured to recognize. For each IP address, the routing table additionally stores a network mask and other data that specifies the destination IP address ranges that remote device will accept.



Description
There are two types: Host and Net.
When the Net type is selected, user does not need to input the
Gateway.
The network or host IP address desired to access.
The subnet mask of destination IP.
The gateway is the router or host's IP address to which packet was
sent. It must be the same network segment with the WAN or LAN
port.
Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transmit out of the
router when this route is used.
Enter any words for recognition.



# 4.2.5 RIP

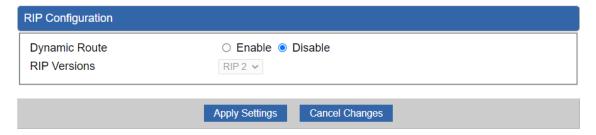


Figure 4-31 RIP

Object	Description
Dynamic Route	Disable or enable the RIP function
RIP Versions	Set RIP Versions

## 4.2.6 **OSPF**

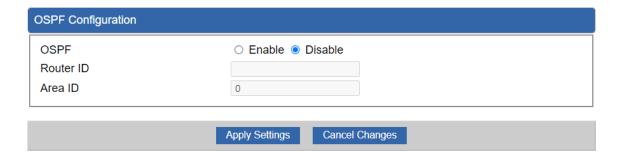


Figure 4-32: OSPF

Object	Description
OSPF	Enable the OSPF function.
Router ID	Set Router ID
Area ID	Set Area ID



#### 4.2.7 IGMP

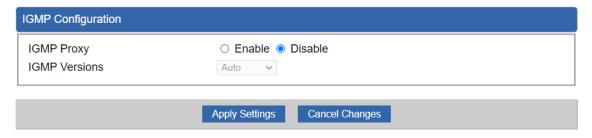
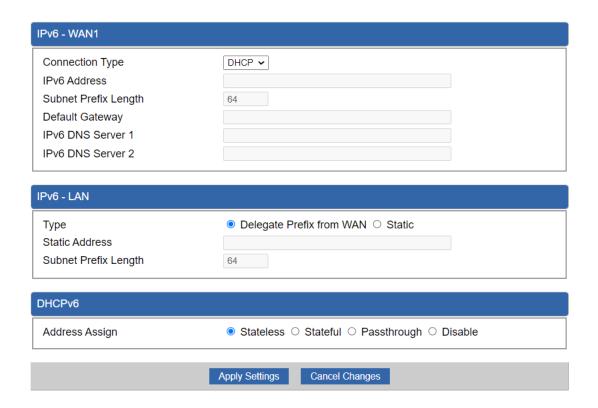


Figure 4-33: IGMP

Object	Description
IGMP	Enable the IGMP function.
IGMP Versions	Select the GMP Versions

#### 4.2.8 IPv6

This page is used to configure parameter for IPv6 internet network which connects to WAN port of the router as shown in Figure 4-35. It allows you to enable IPv6 function and set up the parameters of the router's WAN. In this setting you may change WAN connection type and other settings.





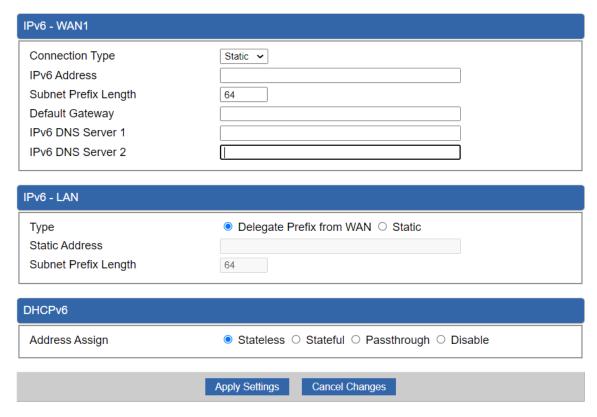


Figure 4-34: IPv6 WAN setup

Object	Description
Connection Type	Select IPv6 WAN type either by using DHCP or Static.
IPv6 Address	Enter the WAN IPv6 address.
Subnet Prefix Length	Enter the subnet prefix length.
Default Gateway	Enter the default gateway of the WAN port.
IPv6 DNS Server 1	Input a specific DNS server
IPv6 DNS Server 2	Input a specific DNS server



## 4.2.9 DHCP

The DHCP service allows you to control the IP address configuration of all your network devices. When a client (host or other device such as networked printer, etc.) joins your network it will automatically get a valid IP address from a range of addresses and other settings from the DHCP service. The client must be configured to use DHCP; this is something called "automatic network configuration" and is often the default setting. The setup is shown in Figure 4-35.

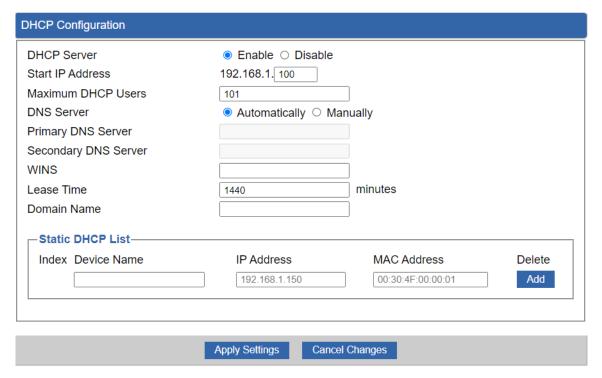


Figure 4-35: DHCP

Object	Description
DHCP Service	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled, meaning the router will
	assign IP addresses to the DHCP clients automatically.
	If user needs to disable the function, please set it as disable.
Ctart ID Address	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
Start IP Address	Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.
Maximum DHCP Users	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, meaning the router
	will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to
	192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
DNS Server	By default, it is set as Automatically, and the DNS server is the
	router's LAN IP address.
	If user needs to use specific DNS server, please set it as Manually,
	and then input a specific DNS server.



Object	Description
Primary/Secondary DNS	Innut a analific DNC comer
Server	Input a specific DNS server.
WINS	Input a WINS server if needed.
	Set the time for using one assigned IP. After the lease time, the
Lease Time	DHCP client will need to get new IP addresses from the router.
	Default is 1440 minutes.
Domain Name	Input a domain name for the router.

#### 4.2.10 DDNS

The router offers the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as **PLANET DDNS** (<a href="http://www.planetddns.com">http://www.planetddns.com</a>) and set up the domain name of your choice.

PLANET DDNS website provides a free DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Server) service for PLANET devices. Whether the IP address used on your PLANET device supporting DDNS service is fixed or dynamic, you can easily connect the devices anywhere on the Internet with a meaningful or easy-to-remember name you gave. PLANET DDNS provides two types of DDNS services. One is **PLANET DDNS** and the other is **PLANET Easy DDNS** as shown in Figure 4-36.

#### PLANET DDNS

For example, you've just installed a PLANET IP camera with dynamic IP like 210.66.155.93 in the network. You can name this device as "Mycam1" and register a domain as Mycam1.planetddns.com at PLANET DDNS (<a href="http://www.planetddns.com">http://www.planetddns.com</a>). Thus, you don't need to memorize the exact IP address but just the URL link: Mycam1.planetddns.com.

#### PLANET Easy DDNS

PLANET Easy DDNS is an easy way to help user to get your Domain Name with just one click. You can just log in to the Web Management Interface of your devices, say, your router, and check the DDNS menu and just enable it. You don't need to go to <a href="http://www.planetddns.com">http://www.planetddns.com</a> to apply for a new account. Once you enabled the Easy DDNS, your PLANET Network Device will use the format PLxxxxxx where xxxxxx is the last 6 characters of your MAC address that can be found on the Web page or bottom label of the device. (For example, if the router's MAC address is A8-F7-E0-81-96-C9, it will be converted into pt8196c9.planetddns.com)



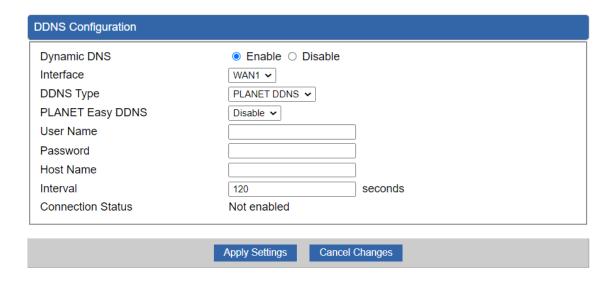


Figure 4-36: PLANET DDNS

Object	Description
DDNS Service	By default, the DDNS service is disabled.
	If user needs to enable the function, please set it as enable.
Interface	User is able to select the interface for DDNS service.
Interrace	By default, the interface is WAN 1.
	There are three options:
	PLANET DDNS: Activate PLANET DDNS service.
DDNS Type	2. DynDNS: Activate DynDNS service.
DDN3 Type	3. NOIP: Activate NOIP service.
	Note that please first register with the DDNS service and set up the
	domain name of your choice to begin using it.
	When the PLANET DDNS service is activated, user is able to select
	to enable or disable Easy DDNS.
Easy DDNS	When this function is enabled, DDNS hostname will appear
	automatically. User doesn't go to <a href="http://www.planetddns.com">http://www.planetddns.com</a> to
	apply for a new account.
User Name	The user name is used to log into DDNS service.
Password	The password is used to log into DDNS service.
Host Name	The host name as registered with your DDNS provider.
Interval	Set the update interval of the DDNS function.
Connection Status	Show the connection status of the DDNS function.



# 4.3 Security

The Security menu provides Firewall, Access Filtering and other functions as shown in Figure 4-37. Please refer to the following sections for the details.



Figure 4-37: Security menu

Object	Description
Firewall	Allows setting DoS (Denial of Service) protection as enable.
MAC Filtering	Allows setting MAC Filtering.
IP Filtering	Allows setting IP Filtering.
Web Filtering	Allows setting Web Filtering.
Port Forwarding	Allows setting Port Forwarding.
QoS	Allows setting Qos.
DMZ	Allows setting DMZ.



#### 4.3.1 Firewall

A "Denial-of-Service" (DoS) attack is characterized by an explicit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a service from using that service. The router can prevent specific DoS attacks as shown in Figure 4-38.

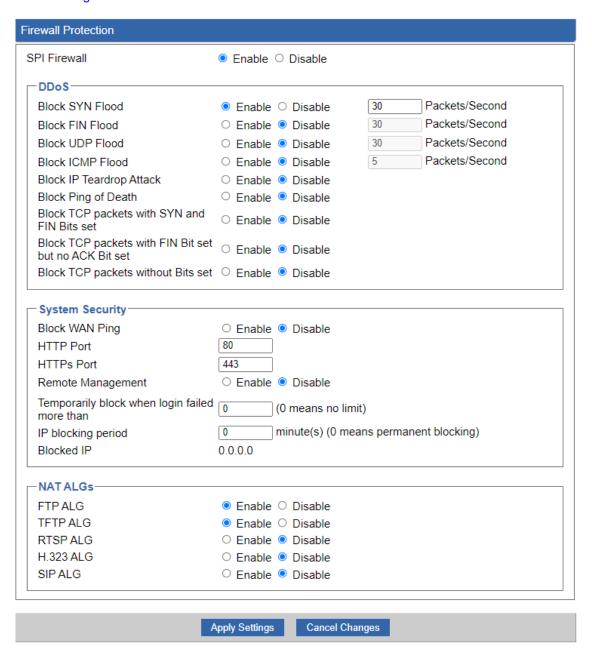


Figure 4-38: Firewall



Object	Passarintian
Object	The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network
SPI Firewall	
	resources.
	The default configuration is enabled.
	SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP
Block SYN Flood	protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection
	that involves the CPU, memory, and so on.
	The default configuration is enabled.
	If the function is enabled, when the number of the current FIN
Block FIN Flood	packets is beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking
Blook i iid i lood	function immediately.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	If the function is enabled, when the number of the current
Plack UDD Flood	UPD-FLOOD packets is beyond the set value, the router will start
Block UDP Flood	the blocking function immediately.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer
	simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways
Block ICMP Flood	which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	If the function is enabled, the router will block Teardrop attack that is
IP TearDrop	targeting on TCP/IP fragmentation reassembly codes.
	If the function is enabled, the router will block Ping of Death attack
	that aims to disrupt a targeted machine by sending a packet larger
Ping Of Death	than the maximum allowable size causing the target machine to
	freeze or crash.
TCP packets with SYN	
and FIN Bits set	Set the function as enable or disable
TCP packets with FIN Bit	
set but no ACK Bit set	Set the function as enable or disable
TCP packets without Bits	
set	Set the function as enable or disable
	Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet
Block WAN Ping	network.
	The default configuration is disabled.
HTTP Port	The default is 80.
HTTPs Port	The default is 443.



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	Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from
Remote Management	the Internet network.
	The default configuration is disabled.
Temporarily block when login failed	The default is 0. (0 means no limit)
IP blocking period	The default is 0. (0 means permanent blocking)
Blocked IP	0.0.0.0
FTP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
TFTP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
RTSP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
H.323 ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
SIP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable



# 4.3.2 MAC Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network or Internet through the router. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network as shown in Figure 4-39.

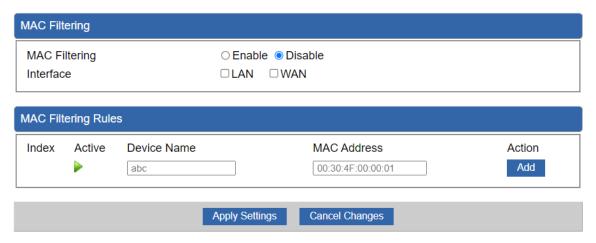


Figure 4-39: MAC Filtering

Object	Description
Enable MAC Filtering	Set the function as enable or disable.
	When the function is enabled, the router will block traffic of the MAC
	address on the list.
Interface	Select the function works on LAN, WAN or both. If you want to block
	a LAN device's MAC address, please select LAN, vice versa.
MAC Address	Input a MAC address you want to control, such as
	A8:F7:E0:00:06:62.
Add	When you input a MAC address, please click the "Add" button to add
	it into the list.

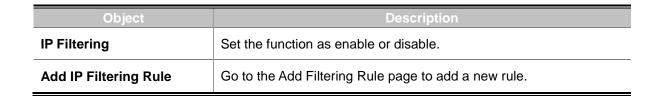


## 4.3.4 IP Filtering

IP Filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the public IP address on internet as shown in Figure 4-40. To begin blocking access to an IP address, enable IP Filtering and enter the IP address of the web site you wish to block.



Figure 4-40: IP Filtering



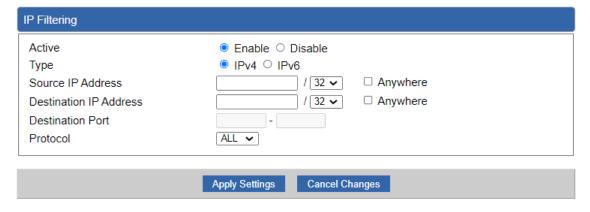


Figure 4-41: IP Filter Rule Setting



Object	Description
Enable	Set the rule as enable or disable.
Туре	Set the type as IPv4 or IPv6
Source IP Address	Input the IP address of LAN user (such as PC or laptop) which you want to control.
Anywhere (of source IP Address)	Check the box if you want to control all LAN users.
Destination IP Address	Input the IP address of web site which you want to block.
Anywhere (of destination	Check the box if you want to control all web sites, meaning the LAN
IP Address)	user can't visit any web site.
Destination Port	Input the port of destination IP Address which you want to block.
Protocol	Leave it as blank if you want to block all ports of the web site.  Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or all).
	If you are unsure, please leave it to the default all protocol.



# 4.3.6 Web Filtering

Web filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the internet as shown in Figure 4-43. Block those URLs which contain keywords listed below.



Figure 4-41: Web Filtering

Object	Description
Web Filtering	Set the function as enable or disable.
Add Web Filtering Rule	Go to the Add Web Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.

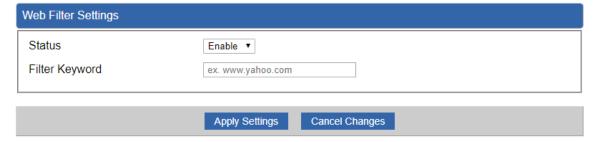


Figure 4-42: Web Filtering Rule Setting

Object	Description
Status	Set the rule as enable or disable.
Filter Keyword	Input the URL address that you want to filter, such as www.yahoo.com.



## 4.3.7 Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall as shown in Figure 4-43. These settings are only necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Router's NAT firewall.



Figure 4-43: Port Forwarding

Object	Description
Port Forwarding	Set the function as enable or disable.
Add Port Forwarding Rule	Go to the Add Port Forwarding Rule page to add a new rule.

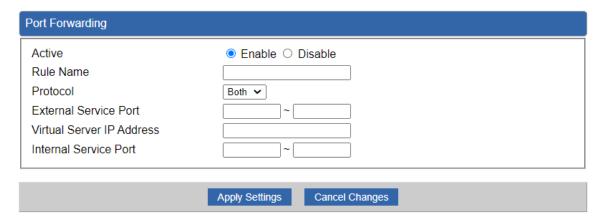


Figure 4-44: Port Forwarding Rule Setting



Object	Description
Active	Set the function as enable or disable
Rule Name	Enter any words for recognition.
Protocol	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or both). If you are unsure, please leave it to the default both protocols.
External Service Port	Enter the external ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.
Virtual Server IP Address	Enter the local IP address.
Internal Service Port	Enter local ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP Services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.



# 4.3.8 QoS

QoS - WAN1		
Quality of Service	○ Enable	
Upstream	0 Kbps	
Downstream	0 Kbps	
Upstream Bandwidth		
Priority	Maximum Bandwidth	Bandwidth Value
Premium	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Express	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Standard	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Bulks	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Downstream Bandwidth		
Priority	Maximum Bandwidth	Bandwidth Value
Premium	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Express	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Standard	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Bulks	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Service Priority		
Protocol	Description	Priority Action
AOL(TCP:5190) ~	AOL Instant Messenger protocol	Premium ✔ Add
Network Priority		
Source Network Protoc	col Destination Port Range	Priority Action
/ ALL	·	Premium V
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes	

Figure 4-45: QoS Setting

Object	Description
QoS - WAN1	Enable/disable QoS function
Upstream Bandwidth	Setting Upstream Bandwidth
Downstream Bandwidth	Setting Downstream Bandwidth
Service Priority	Setting Service Priority
Network Priority	Setting Network Priority



## 4.3.9 DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network as shown in Figure 4-46. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

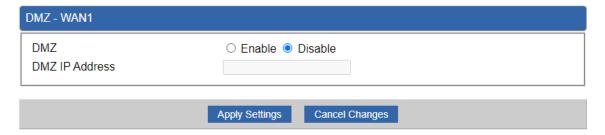


Figure 4-46: DMZ

Object	Description
	Set the function as enable or disable. If the DMZ function is enabled,
	it means that you set up DMZ at a particular computer to be exposed
DMZ	to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially
	Internet/online game can have two way connections.
	Enter the IP address of a particular host in your LAN which will
DMZ IP Address	receive all the packets originally going to the WAN port/Public IP
	address above.



## 4.4 Wireless

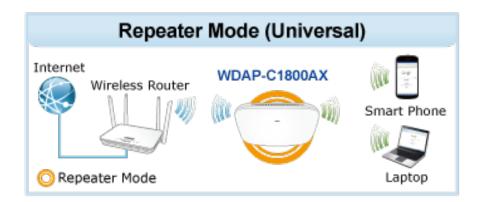
The Wireless menu provides the following features for managing the system



Figure 4-47: Wireless Menu

Object	Description
Repeater	Allow to configure Repeater.
2.4G Wi-Fi	Allow to configure 2.4G Wi-Fi.
5G Wi-Fi	Allow to configure 5G Wi-Fi.
MAC ACL	Allow configure MAC ACL.
Wi-Fi Advanced	Allow to configure advanced setting of Wi-Fi.
Wi-Fi Statistics	Display the statistics of Wi-Fi traffic.
Connection Status	Display the connection status.

# 4.4.1 Repeater



This page allows the user to define Repeater





Figure 4-48: Repeater

Object	Description
Select Radio	Select "2.4GHz" or "5GHz" wireless LAN.
SSID (Wireless Name )	Enter the root AP's SSID or press " <b>Scan</b> " to select.
Lock BSSID	Enable/disable to lock the root AP's MAC address.
BSSID	The root AP's MAC address
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption of root AP. The default is "Open"

## 4.4.2 2.4G Wi-Fi

This page allows the user to define 2.4G Wi-Fi.

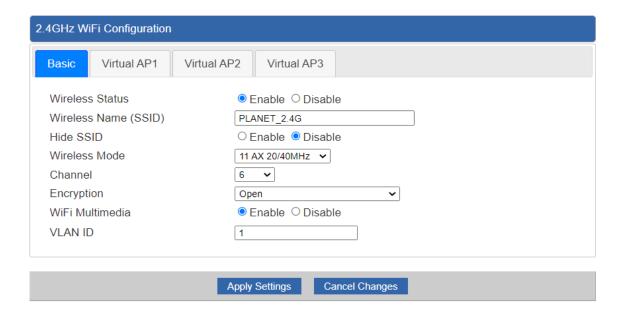


Figure 4-49: 2.4G Wi-Fi

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 2.4G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 2.4G SSID is



	"PLANET_2.4G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Wireless Mode	Select the operating wireless mode
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 2.4GHz is channel 6.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function
VLAN ID	Setting VLAD ID

## 4.4.3 5G Wi-Fi

This page allows the user to define 5G Wi-Fi.

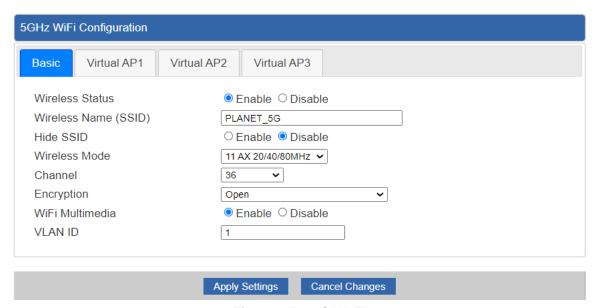


Figure 4-50: 5G Wi-Fi

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 5G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 5G SSID is
	"PLANET_5G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Wireless Mode	Select the operating wireless mode
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 5GHz is channel 36.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function
VLAN ID	Setting VLAD ID



## **4.4.4 MAC ACL**

This page allows the user to define MAC ACL.



Figure 4-51: MAC ACL

Object	Description
Active	Allows the devices to pass in the rule
Device Name	Set an allowed device name
MAC Address	Set an allowed device MAC address
Add	Press the "Add" button to add end-device that is scanned from
	wireless network and mark them
Scan	Connect to client list



# 4.4.5 Wi-Fi Advanced

This page allows the user to define advanced setting of Wi-Fi.

WiFi Advanced	
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	75 (Range 1~75)
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	75 (Range 1~75)
2.4GHz Coverage Threshold	-95 (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
5GHz Coverage Threshold	-95 (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
2.4GHz TX Power	Max(100%) ~
5GHz TX Power	Max(100%) ~
2.4GHz WLAN Partition	○ Enable
5GHz WLAN Partition	○ Enable
RTS Threshold	2347 (0-2347)
Apply Settings	Cancel Changes

Figure 4-52: Wi-Fi Advanced

Object	Description
2.4GHz Maximum Associated	The maximum users are 75
Clients	
5GHz Maximum Associated	The maximum users are 75
Clients	
2.4G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients
	occupying session. The default is -95dBm
5G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients
	occupying session. The default is -95dBm
2.4G TX Power	The range of transmit power is Max (100%), Efficient (75%),
	Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%) or Min (15%). In case of
	shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network,
	input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power
5G TX Power	The range of transmit power is Max (100%), Efficient (75%),
	Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%) or Min (15%). In case of
	shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network,
	input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power
2.4GHz WLAN Partition	Set the function as enable or disable
5GHz WLAN Partition	Set the function as enable or disable
RTS Threshold	Enable or Disable RTS/CTS protocol. It can be used in the



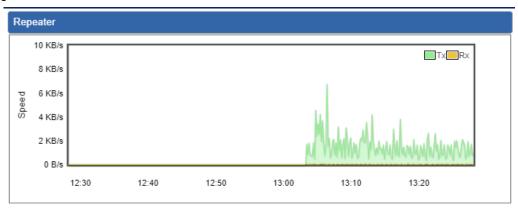
following scenarios and used by Stations or Wireless AP.

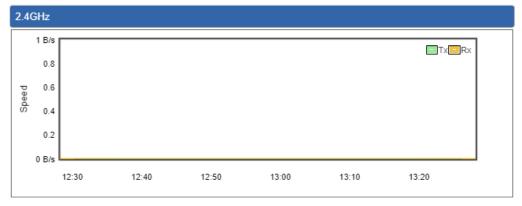
- When medium is too noisy or lots of interferences are present.
   If the AP/Station cannot get a chance to send a packet, the RTS/CTS mechanism can be initiated to get the packet sent.
- 2) In mixed mode, the hidden node problem can be avoided.

The default value is 2347

## 4.4.6 Wi-Fi Statistics

This page shows the statistics of Wi-Fi traffic.





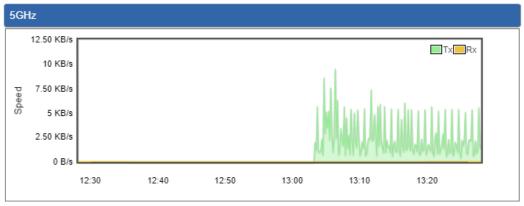


Figure 4-53: Wi-Fi Statistics



## 4.4.7 Connection Status

This page shows the host names and MAC address of all the clients in your network



Figure 4-54: Connection Status

Object	Description
Name	Display the host name of connected clients.
MAC Address	Display the MAC address of connected clients.
Signal	Display the connected signal of connected clients.
Connected Time	Display the connected time of connected clients.



# 4.5 Maintenance

The Maintenance menu provides the following features for managing the system

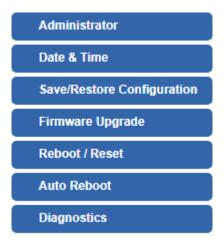


Figure 4-55: Maintenance

Object	Description
Administrator	Allows changing the login username and password.
Date & Time	Allows setting Date & Time function.
Save/Restore	Export the router's configuration to local or USB sticker.
Configuration	Restore the router's configuration from local or USB sticker.
Firmware Upgrade	Upgrade the firmware from local or USB storage.
Reboot / Reset	Reboot or reset the system.
Auto Reboot	Allows setting auto-reboot schedule.
Diagnostics	Allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP.



## 4.5.1 Administrator

To ensure the router's security is secure, you will be asked for your password when you access the router's Web-based utility. The default user name and password are "admin". This page will allow you to modify the user name and passwords as shown in Figure 4-56.



Figure 4-56: Administrator

Object	Description
Username	Input a new username.
Password	Input a new password.
Confirm Password	Input password again.

## 4.5.2 Date and Time

This section assists you in setting the system time of the router. You are able to either select to set the time and date manually or automatically obtain the GMT time from Internet as shown in Figure 4-57.



Figure 4-57: Date and Time



Object	Description
Current Time	Show the current time.
	User is able to set time and date manually.
Time Zone Select	Select the time zone of the country you are currently in. The router will
	set its time based on your selection.
NTP Client Update	Once this function is enabled, router will automatically update current
	time from NTP server.
NTP Server	User may use the default NTP sever or input NTP server manually.

# 4.5.3 Saving/Restoring Configuration

This page shows the status of the configuration. You may save the setting file to either USB storage or PC and load the setting file from USB storage or PC as Figure 4-58 is shown below:

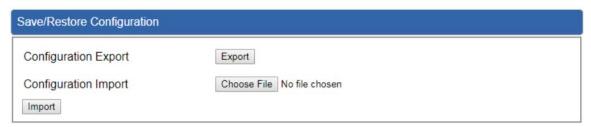


Figure 4-58: Save/Restore Configuration

## ■ Save Setting to PC

Object	Description
Configuration Export	Press the Export button to save setting file to PC.
Configuration Import	Press the Choose File button to select the setting file, and then
	press the Import button to upload setting file from PC.



## 4.5.4 Firmware Upgrading

This page provides the firmware upgrade of the router as shown in Figure 4-59.

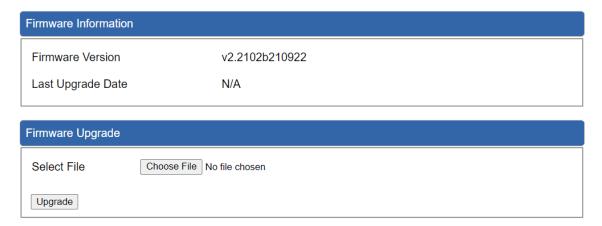


Figure 4-59: Firmware upgrade

Object	Description
Choose File	Press the button to select the firmware.
Upgrade	Press the button to upgrade firmware to system.

## 4.5.5 Reboot / Reset

This page enables the device to be rebooted from a remote location. Once the Reboot button is pressed, users have to re-log in the Web interface as Figure 4-60 is shown below:



Figure 4-60: Reboot/Reset



Object	Description
Reboot	Press the button to reboot system.
Reset	Press the button to restore all settings to factory default
	settings.
I'd like to keep the network	Check the box and then press the Reset to Default button to
profiles.	keep the current network profiles and reset all other
	configurations to factory defaults.

## 4.5.6 Auto Reboot

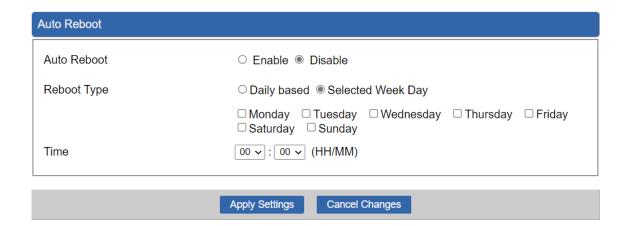


Figure 4-61: Auto Reboot

Object	Description
Auto Reboot	Disable or enable the Auto Reboot function.
Reboot Type	Set the function type.
Time	Select reboot time for clock

# 4.5.7 Diagnostics

The page allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP connectivity issues. After you press "Ping", ICMP packets are transmitted, and the sequence number and roundtrip time are displayed upon reception of a reply. The Page refreshes automatically until responses to all packets are received, or until a timeout occurs. The ICMP Ping is shown in Figure 4-62.



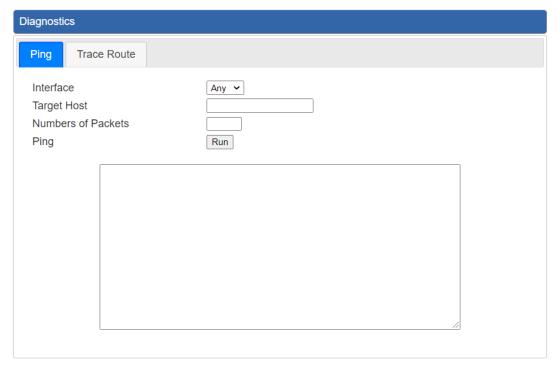


Figure 4-62: Ping

Object	Description
Interface	Select an interface of the router.
Target Host	The destination IP Address or domain.
Number of Packets	Set the number of packets that will be transmitted; the maximum is 100.
Ping	The time of ping.

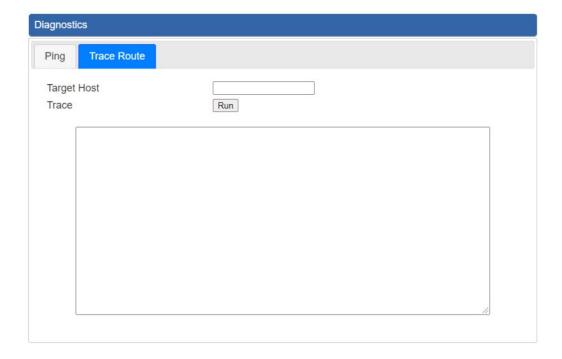


Figure 4-63: Trace Route



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Object	Description
Target Host	The destination IP Address or domain.
Trace	The time of ping.



Be sure the target IP address is within the same network subnet of the router, or you have to set up the correct gateway IP address.



# Chapter 5. Quick Connection to a Wireless Network

In the following sections, the **default SSID** of the WDAP-C1800AX is configured to "**default**".

**5.1** Windows XP (Wireless Zero Configuration)

Step 1: Right-click on the wireless network icon displayed in the system tray



Figure 5-1 System Tray – Wireless Network Icon

#### Step 2: Select [View Available Wireless Networks]

Step 3: Highlight and select the wireless network (SSID) to connect

- (1) Select SSID [default]
- (2) Click the [Connect] button



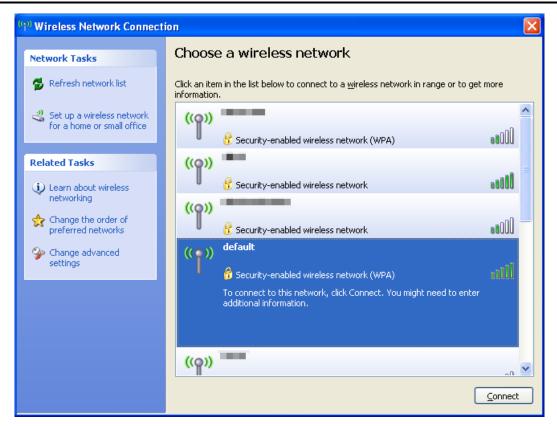


Figure 5-1 Choosing a Wireless Network

#### Step 4: Enter the encryption key of the wireless AP

- (1) The Wireless Network Connection box will appear
- (2) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (3) Click the [Connect] button

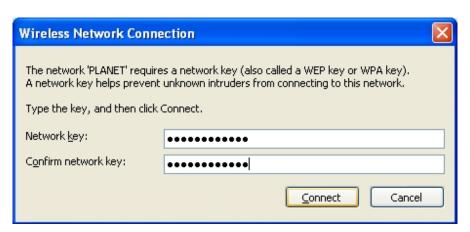


Figure 5-2 Entering the Network Key

#### Step 5: Check if "Connected" is displayed



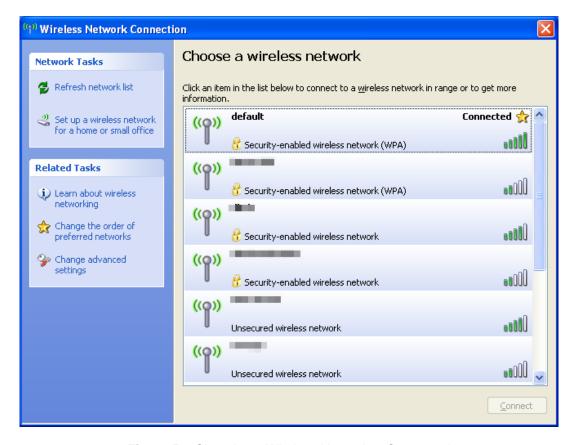


Figure 5-3 Choosing a Wireless Network -- Connected



Some laptops are equipped with a "Wireless ON/OFF" switch for the internal wireless LAN. Make sure the hardware wireless switch is switched to "ON" position.

# 5.2 Windows 7/8/10 (WLAN AutoConfig)

WLAN AutoConfig service is built-in in Windows 7 that can be used to detect and connect to wireless network. This built-in wireless network connection tool is similar to wireless zero configuration tool in Windows XP.

Step 1: Right-click on the network icon displayed in the system tray



Figure 5-4 Network Icon

Step 2: Highlight and select the wireless network (SSID) to connect

- (1) Select SSID [default]
- (2) Click the [Connect] button





Figure 5-5 WLAN AutoConfig



If you will be connecting to this Wireless AP in the future, check [Connect automatically].

## Step 4: Enter the encryption key of the wireless AP

- (1) The Connect to a Network box will appear.
- (2) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (3) Click the [OK] button.





Figure 5-6 Typing the Network Key

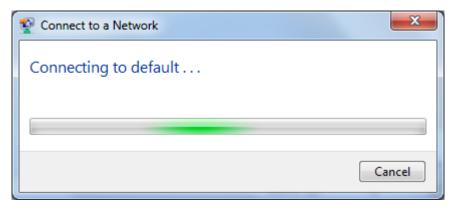


Figure 5-7 Connecting to a Network



## Step 5: Check if "Connected" is displayed.



Figure 5-8 Connected to a Network



## **5.3** Mac OS X 10.x

In the following sections, the default SSID of the WDAP series is configured to "default".

Step 1: Right-click on the network icon displayed in the system tray

The AirPort Network Connection menu will appear.



Figure 5-9 Mac OS - Network Icon

#### Step 2: Highlight and select the wireless network (SSID) to connect

- (1) Select and SSID [default].
- (2) Double-click on the selected SSID.



Figure 5-10 Highlighting and Selecting the Wireless Network



#### Step 4: Enter the encryption key of the wireless AP

- (1) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (2) Click the [OK] button.

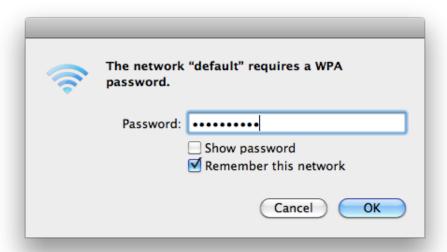


Figure 5-11 Enter the Password



If you will be connecting to this Wireless AP in the future, check [Remember this network].



**Step 5**: Check if the AirPort is connected to the selected wireless network.

If "Yes", then there will be a "check" symbol in front of the SSID.



Figure 5-12 Connected to the Network



There is another way to configure the MAC OS X wireless settings:

# Step 1: Click and open the [System Preferences] by going to Apple > System Preference or Applications

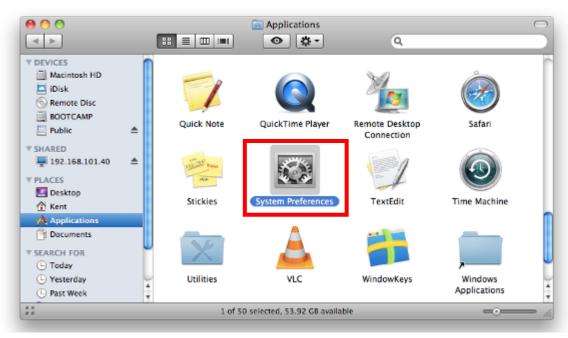


Figure 5-13 System Preferences

#### Step 2: Open Network Preference by clicking on the [Network] icon

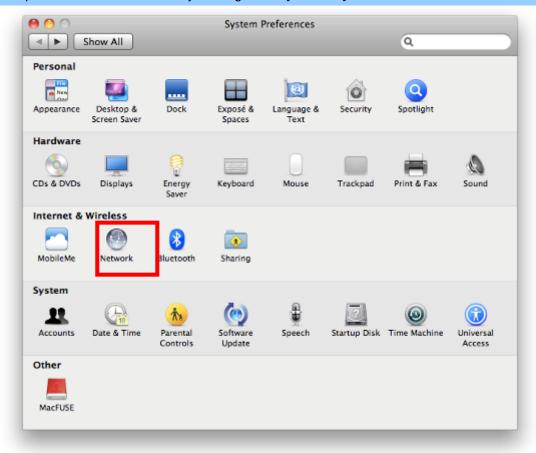


Figure 5-14 System Preferences -- Network



#### Step 3: Check Wi-Fi setting and select the available wireless network

- (1) Choose the AirPort on the left menu (make sure it is ON)
- (2) Select Network Name [default] here

If this is the first time to connect to the Wireless AP, it should show "No network selected".

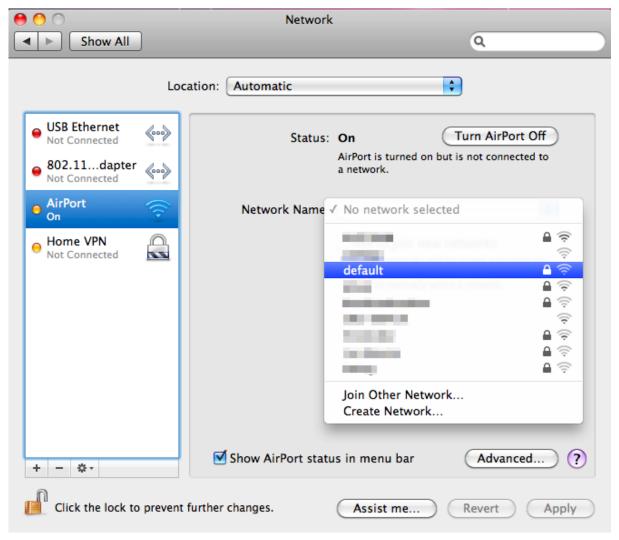


Figure 5-15 Selecting the Wireless Network



#### 5.4 iPhone/iPod Touch/iPad

In the following sections, the default SSID of the WDAP series is configured to "default".

#### Step 1: Tap the [Settings] icon displayed in the home screen



Figure 5-16 iPhone – Settings icon

#### Step 2: Check Wi-Fi setting and select the available wireless network

- (1) Tap [General] \ [Network]
- (2) Tap [Wi-Fi]

If this is the first time to connect to the Wireless AP, it should show "Not Connected".



Figure 5-17 Wi-Fi Setting





Figure 5-18 Wi-Fi Setting – Not Connected

#### Step 3: Tap the target wireless network (SSID) in "Choose a Network..."

- (1) Turn on Wi-Fi by tapping "Wi-Fi"
- (2) Select SSID [default]



Figure 5-19 Turning on Wi-Fi



#### Step 4: Enter the encryption key of the Wireless AP

- (1) The password input screen will be displayed.
- (2) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (3) Tap the [Join] button.

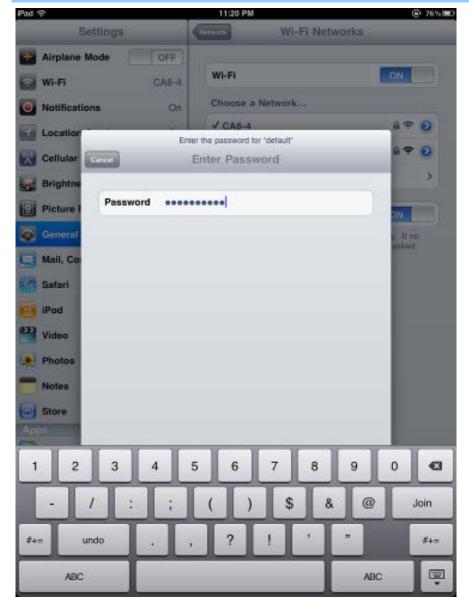


Figure 5-20 iPhone -- Entering the Password



Step 5: Check if the device is connected to the selected wireless network.

If "Yes", then there will be a "check" symbol in front of the SSID.



Figure 5-21 iPhone -- Connected to the Network

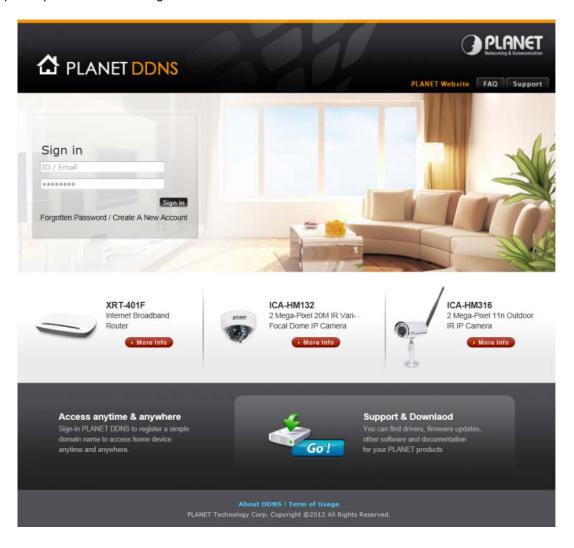


# **Appendix A: DDNS Application**

#### **Configuring PLANET DDNS steps:**

- Step 1: Visit DDNS provider's web site and register an account if you do not have one yet. For example, register an account at <a href="http://planetddns.com">http://planetddns.com</a>
- Step 2: Enable DDNS option through accessing web page of the device.

Step 3: Input all DDNS settings.

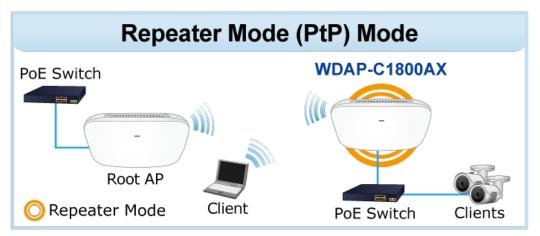




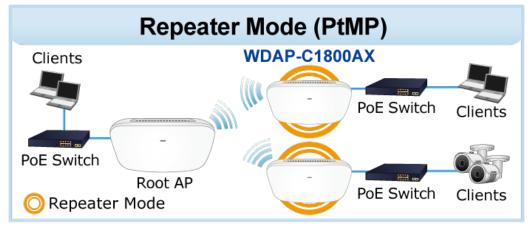
# Appendix B: FAQs

#### **How to Set Up the AP Client Connection**

Topology (The topology below uses the WDAP-C1800AX as an example):



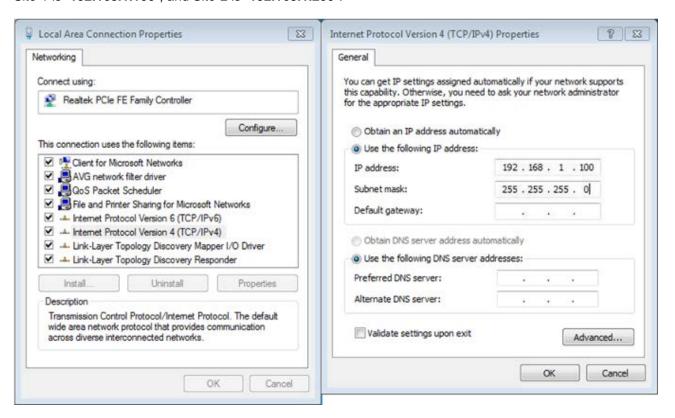




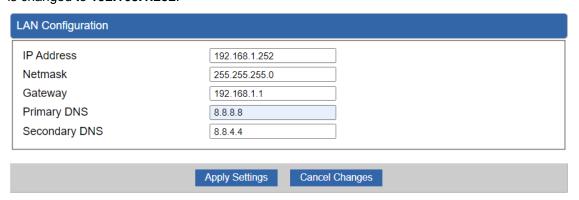




**Step 1**. Use static IP in the PCs that are connected with AP-1(Site-1) and AP-2(Site-2). In this case, Site-1 is "192.168.1.100", and Site-2 is "192.168.1.200".



**Step 2**. In AP-2, change the default IP to the same IP range but different from AP-1. In this case, the IP is changed to **192.168.1.252**.



**Step 3**. In AP-1, go to "**Wizard**" to configure it to **AP Mode**. In AP-2, configure it to **Repeater Mode**. AP-1





AP-2

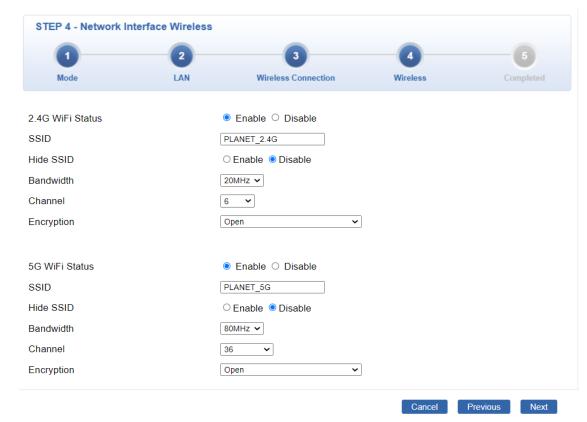


**Step 4**. In AP-2, press "**Scan** " to search the AP-1. You can also enter the MAC address, SSID, encryption and bandwidth if you know what they are.



Step 5. Click "Next" to finish the setting.



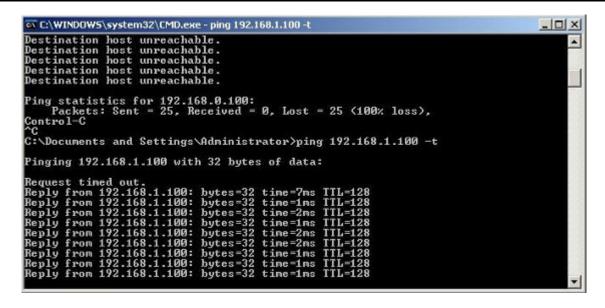


Step 6.Setup Completed

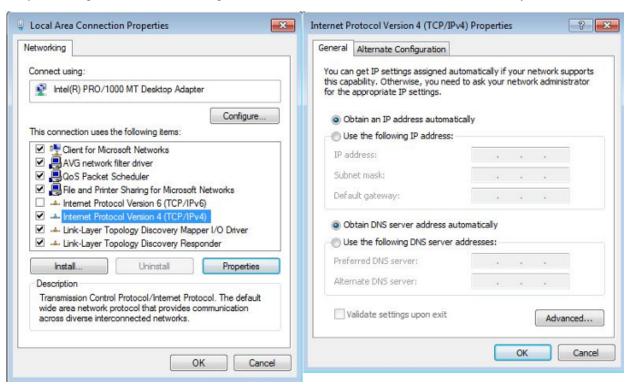


**Step 7**. Use command line tool to ping each other to ensure the link is successfully established. From Site-1, ping 192.168.1.200; and in Site-2, ping 192.168.1.100.





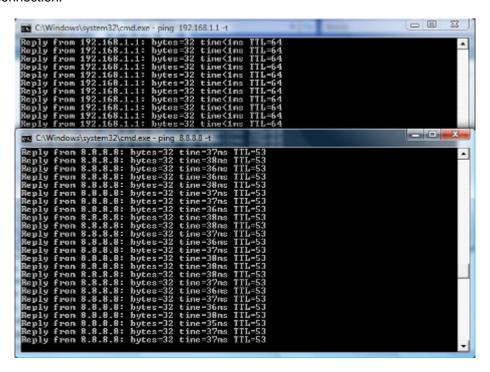
Step 8. Configure the TCP/IP settings of Site-2 to "Obtain an IP address automatically".





**Step 9**. Use command line tool to ping the DNS (e.g., Google) to ensure Site-2 can access internet through the

wireless connection.





The following hints should be noted:

- 1) The encryption method must be the same as that of both sites if configured.
- 2) Both sites should be Line-of-Sight.
- 3) For the short distance connection less than 1km, please reduce the "RF Output Power" of both sites
- 4) For the long distance connection over 1km, please adjust the "Distance" to the actual distance or double the actual distance.



# **Appendix C: Troubleshooting**

If you find the AP is working improperly or stop responding to you, please read this troubleshooting first before contacting the dealer for help. Some problems can be solved by yourself within a very short time.

Scenario	Solution			
The AP is not responding to	a.	Please check the connection of the power cord and		
me when I want to access it		the Ethernet cable of this AP. All cords and cables		
by Web browser.		should be correctly and firmly inserted into the AP.		
	b.	If all LEDs on this AP are off, please check the		
		status of power adapter, and make sure it is		
		correctly powered.		
	c.	You must use the same IP address section which		
		AP uses.		
	d.	Are you using MAC or IP address filter? Try to		
		connect the AP by another computer and see if it		
		works; if not, please reset the AP to the factory		
		default settings by pressing the 'reset' button for		
		over 7 seconds.		
	e.	Use the Smart Discovery Tool to see if you can find		
		the AP or not.		
	f.	If you did a firmware upgrade and this happens,		
		contact your dealer of purchase for help.		
	g.	If all the solutions above don't work, contact the		
		dealer for help.		
I can't get connected to the	a. Go to	Go to 'Status' -> 'Internet Connection' menu on the router		
Internet.	conr	connected to the AP, and check Internet connection		
	statu	status.		
	b. Pleas	Please be patient. Sometimes Internet is just that slow.		
	c. If yo	If you've connected a computer to Internet directly		
	befo	before, try to do that again, and check if you can get		
	conr	connected to Internet with your computer directly		
		attached to the device provided by your Internet service		
	•	provider.		
		Check PPPoE / L2TP / PPTP user ID and password		
		entered in the router's settings again.		
	e. Call	your Internet service provider and check if there's		



Scenario	Solution		
		something wrong with their service.	
	f.	If you just can't connect to one or more website, but you	
		can still use other internet services, please check	
		URL/Keyword filter.	
	g.	Try to reset the AP and try again later.	
	h.	Reset the device provided by your Internet service	
		provider too.	
	i.	Try to use IP address instead of host name. If you can	
		use IP address to communicate with a remote server,	
		but can't use host name, please check DNS setting.	
I can't locate my AP by my	a.	'Broadcast ESSID' set to off?	
wireless device.	b.	Both two antennas are properly secured.	
	c.	Are you too far from your AP? Try to get closer.	
	d.	Please remember that you have to input ESSID on your	
		wireless client manually, if ESSID broadcast is disabled.	
File downloading is very slow	a.	Internet is slow sometimes. Please be patient.	
or breaks frequently.	b.	Try to reset the AP and see if it's better after that.	
	c.	Try to know what computers do on your local network. If	
		someone's transferring big files, other people will think	
		Internet is really slow.	
	d.	If this never happens before, call you Internet service	
		provider to know if there is something wrong with their	
		network.	
I can't log into the web	a.	Make sure you're connecting to the correct IP address of	
management interface; the		the AP.	
password is wrong.	b.	Password is case-sensitive. Make sure the 'Caps Lock'	
		light is not illuminated.	
	c.	If you really forget the password, do a hard reset.	
The AP becomes hot	a.	This is not a malfunction, if you can keep your hand on	
		the AP's case.	
	b.	If you smell something wrong or see the smoke coming	
		out from AP or A/C power adapter, please disconnect	
		the AP and power source from utility power (make sure	
		it's safe before you're doing this), and call your dealer of	
		purchase for help.	



### **Appendix D: Glossary**

- 802.11ax 802.11ax is a wireless networking standard in the 802.11 family by adding OFDMA, MU-MIMO (which is marketed under the brand name Wi-Fi 6), developed in the IEEE Standards Association process, providing high-throughput wireless local area networks (WLANs) on the 5GHz band 20、40、80、160MHz.
- 802.11ac 802.11ac is a wireless networking standard in the 802.11 family by adding MU-MIMO (which is marketed under the brand name Wi-Fi 5), developed in the IEEE Standards Association process, providing high-throughput wireless local area networks (WLANs) on the 5GHz band.
- 802.11n 802.11n builds upon previous 802.11 standards by adding MIMO (multiple-input multiple-output). MIMO uses multiple transmitter and receiver antennas to allow for increased data throughput via spatial multiplexing and increased range by exploiting the spatial diversity, perhaps through coding schemes like Alamouti coding. The Enhanced Wireless Consortium (EWC) [3] was formed to help accelerate the IEEE 802.11n development process and promote a technology specification for interoperability of next-generation wireless local area networking (WLAN) products.
- 802.11a 802.11a was an amendment to the IEEE 802.11 wireless local network specifications that defined requirements for an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) communication system. It was originally designed to support wireless communication in the unlicensed national information infrastructure (U-NII) bands (in the 5–6 GHz frequency range) as regulated in the United States by the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Section 15.407.
- 802.11b The 802.11b standard specifies a wireless networking at 11 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHzHz, and WEP encryption for security. 802.11b networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.
- 802.11g specification for wireless networking at 54 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology, using OFDM modulation and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHzHz, and backward compatibility with IEEE 802.11b devices, and WEP encryption for security.
- > **DDNS** (**D**ynamic **D**omain **N**ame **S**ystem) The capability of assigning a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP Address.
- > DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) A protocol that automatically configure the



TCP/IP parameters for the all the PC(s) that are connected to a DHCP server.

- > **DMZ** (**Dem**ilitarized **Z**one) A Demilitarized Zone allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing.
- > **DNS** (**D**omain **N**ame **S**ystem) An Internet Service that translates the names of websites into IP addresses.
- > **Domain Name -** A descriptive name for an address or group of addresses on the Internet.
- > **DSL** (**D**igital **S**ubscriber **L**ine) A technology that allows data to be sent or received over existing traditional phone lines.
- > MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) The size in bytes of the largest packet that can be transmitted.
- > NAT (Network Address Translation) NAT technology translates IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet.
- > PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) PPPoE is a protocol for connecting remote hosts to the Internet over an always-on connection by simulating a dial-up connection.
- > SSID A Service Set Identification is a thirty-two character (maximum) alphanumeric key identifying a wireless local area network. For the wireless devices in a network to communicate with each other, all devices must be configured with the same SSID. This is typically the configuration parameter for a wireless PC card. It corresponds to the ESSID in the wireless Access Point and to the wireless network name.
- > **WEP** (**W**ired **E**quivalent **P**rivacy) A data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit or 152-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.
- > **Wi-Fi** A trade name for the 802.11b wireless networking standard, given by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA, see http://www.wi-fi.net), an industry standards group promoting interoperability among 802.11b devices.
- > WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) A group of computers and associated devices communicate with each other wirelessly, which network serving users are limited in a local area.



## **EC Declaration of Conformity**

English	Hereby, PLANET Technology Corporation, declares that this 11ac Wireless AP is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU.	Lietuviškai	Šiuo PLANET Technology Corporation,, skelbia, kad 11ac Wireless AP tenkina visus svarbiausius 2014/53/EU direktyvos reikalavimus ir kitas svarbias nuostatas.
Česky	Společnost PLANET Technology Corporation, tímto prohlašuje, že tato 11ac Wireless AP splňuje základní požadavky a další příslušná ustanovení směrnice 2014/53/EU.	Magyar	A gyártó <b>PLANET Technology Corporation</b> , kijelenti, hogy ez a <b>11ac Wireless AP</b> megfelel az 2014/53/EU irányelv alapkövetelményeinek és a kapcsolódó rendelkezéseknek.
Dansk	PLANET Technology Corporation, erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr 11ac Wireless AP overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 2014/53/EU	Malti	Hawnhekk, <b>PLANET Technology Corporation</b> , jiddikjara li dan <b>11ac Wireless AP</b> jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 2014/53/EU
Deutsch	Hiermit erklärt PLANET Technology Corporation, dass sich dieses Gerät 11ac Wireless AP in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Vorschriften der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU befindet". (BMWi)	Nederlands	Hierbij verklaart , <b>PLANET Technology orporation,</b> dat <b>11ac Wireless AP</b> in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn <b>2014/53/EU</b>
Eestikeeles	Käesolevaga kinnitab <b>PLANET Technology Corporation</b> , et see <b>11ac Wireless AP</b> vastab Euroopa Nõukogu direktiivi 2014/53/EU põhinõuetele ja muudele olulistele tingimustele.	Polski	Niniejszym firma PLANET Technology Corporation, oświadcza, że 11ac Wireless AP spełnia wszystkie istotne wymogi i klauzule zawarte w dokumencie "Directive 2014/53/EU.
Ελληνικά	ME THN ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ , PLANET Technology Corporation, $\Delta H \Lambda \Omega N E I$ OTI AYTO 11ac Wireless ΑΡΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 2014/53/EU	Português	PLANET Technology Corporation, declara que este 11ac Wireless AP está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 2014/53/EU.
Español	Por medio de la presente, PLANET Technology Corporation, declara que 11ac Wireless AP cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 2014/53/EU	Slovensky	Výrobca PLANET Technology Corporation, týmto deklaruje, že táto 11ac Wireless AP je v súlade so základnými požiadavkami a ďalšími relevantnými predpismi smernice 2014/53/EU.
Français	Par la présente, PLANET Technology Corporation, déclare que les appareils du 11ac Wireless AP sont conformes aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 2014/53/EU	Slovensko	PLANET Technology Corporation, s tem potrjuje, da je ta 11ac Wireless AP skladen/a z osnovnimi zahtevami in ustreznimi določili Direktive 2014/53/EU
Italiano	Con la presente , <b>PLANET Technology Corporation</b> , dichiara che questo <b>11ac Wireless AP</b> è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 2014/53/EU.	Suomi	PLANET Technology Corporation, vakuuttaa täten että 11ac Wireless AP tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 2014/53/EU oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Latviski	Ar šo <b>PLANET Technology Corporation</b> , apliecina, ka šī <b>11ac Wireless AP</b> atbilst Direktīvas 2014/53/EU pamatprasībām un citiem atbilstošiem noteikumiem.	Svenska	Härmed intygar, PLANET Technology Corporation, att denna 11ac Wireless AP står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 2014/53/EU.